



Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Regulations 1990

Statutory Rules No. 231, 1990

made under the

Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989

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About this compilation

This compilation

This is a compilation of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Regulations 1990* that shows the text of the law as amended and in force on 1 August 2019 (the *compilation date*).

The notes at the end of this compilation (the *endnotes*) include information about amending laws and the amendment history of provisions of the compiled law.

Uncommenced amendments

The effect of uncommenced amendments is not shown in the text of the compiled law. Any uncommenced amendments affecting the law are accessible on the Legislation Register (www.legislation.gov.au). The details of amendments made up to, but not commenced at, the compilation date are underlined in the endnotes. For more information on any uncommenced amendments, see the series page on the Legislation Register for the compiled law.

Application, saving and transitional provisions for provisions and amendments

If the operation of a provision or amendment of the compiled law is affected by an application, saving or transitional provision that is not included in this compilation, details are included in the endnotes.

Editorial changes

For more information about any editorial changes made in this compilation, see the endnotes.

Modifications

If the compiled law is modified by another law, the compiled law operates as modified but the modification does not amend the text of the law. Accordingly, this compilation does not show the text of the compiled law as modified. For more information on any modifications, see the series page on the Legislation Register for the compiled law.

Self-repealing provisions

If a provision of the compiled law has been repealed in accordance with a provision of the law, details are included in the endnotes.

Contents

1	Name of Regulations.....	1
2	Definitions	1
3	Prescribed data for the purposes of paragraph (f) of the definition of <i>basic information</i> in section 5 of the Act.....	3
4	Prescribed data for the purposes of paragraph (g) of the definition of <i>basic information</i> in section 5 of the Act.....	4
4AA	Hazardous chemical definition.....	4
4AB	Prescribed reactants	5
4A	<i>Polymer of low concern</i> —number average molecular weight greater than or equal to 1,000 and less than 10,000 (Act s 5).....	5
4B	<i>Polymer of low concern</i> —number average molecular weight that is 10,000 or greater (Act s 5).....	6
4C	<i>Polymer of low concern</i> —low charge density (Act s 5).....	6
4E	<i>Polymer of low concern</i> —when polymer does not dissociate readily (Act s 5)	6
4H	<i>Polymer of low concern</i> —when polymer is stable (Act s 5)	6
4I	<i>Polymer of low concern</i> —other characteristics (Act s 5)	7
4J	Non-hazardous chemical—criteria relating to environmental effect (Act s 5)	8
4K	Introduction of non-hazardous chemical—matters to be taken into account (Act s 5)	9
5	Prescribed form of Inventory	9
6	Inspection of Inventory	9
6AA	Prescribed period—transfer of industrial chemical from non-confidential section to confidential section (subsection 18A(1) of the Act).....	9
6AB	Low volume introduction (Act, s. 21).....	9
6A	Specified information for application of commercial evaluation permit	11
6BA	Low volume permit guidelines.....	11
6B	Prescribed information for application for controlled use permit.....	11
6C	Controlled use permit guidelines	12
7	Prescribed international inventory of chemicals	12
7A	Statements by importers of chemicals.....	12
7B	Chemicals to which early introduction permit can apply	12
8A	Prescribed authority (Act s 38(5)(a))	13
8B	Assessment certificates	13
8C	Prescribed authority (Act s 40G(1)(a)(i)).....	13
8D	Extension of original assessment certificates.....	13
9	Application forms—section 55 of the Act	14
9B	Prescribed authority (Act s 60F (7)(a))	14
11	Inspection of Safety Data Sheets.....	14
11AA	Inspection of Register	14
11AB	Amount of registration charge	14
11B	Prescribed international agreement (Act s 106)	15
11C	Introduction and export of certain industrial chemicals prohibited without approval (Act s 106)	15
12	Inspection of Chemical Gazette	17
13	Fees and late renewal penalties.....	17

14	When must fees be paid	17
14A	Remission of registration charge.....	17
15	Remission of fees (Act, s. 110).....	17
16	Waiver or remission of fees—application under section 24 of the Act to vary the requirements of section 23 of the Act.....	19
16A	Waiver of fees—secondary notification of listed industrial chemicals	19
16B	Waiver or remission of late renewal penalty.....	19
17	Appeal to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal.....	19
18	Transitional provisions.....	19
Schedule 1AA—Low volume permit and early introduction permit guidelines		20
1	Purpose of guidelines.....	20
2	All chemicals (including polymers other than those with number average molecular weight that is 1 000 or greater)	20
3	Polymers with number average molecular weight that is 1 000 or greater.....	21
Schedule 1AB—Controlled use permit and early introduction permit guidelines		22
1	Purpose of guidelines.....	22
2	Intended use.....	22
Schedule 1—Forms		24
Form 1		24
Form 2		25
Schedule 2—Fees and late renewal penalties		26
1	Fees and late renewal penalties.....	26
Schedule 3—Reactive functional groups		29
1	Low concern reactive functional groups	29
2	Moderate concern reactive functional groups	29
3	High concern reactive functional groups.....	30
Schedule 4—Prescribed reactants		31
Part 1—Di and Tri Basic Acids		31
Part 2—Modifiers		33
Part 3—Monobasic Acids and Natural Oils		34
Part 4—Polyols		36
Part 5—Derivatives		37
1	Derivatives.....	37
Schedule 5—Transitional provisions		38
1	Transitional provisions relating to the <i>Regulatory Powers Legislation Amendment (Standardisation Reform) Regulations 2018</i>	38

2	Application of amendments made by Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the <i>Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Amendment (Reforms) Regulations 2019</i>	38
Endnotes		39
Endnote 1—About the endnotes		39
Endnote 2—Abbreviation key		40
Endnote 3—Legislation history		41
Endnote 4—Amendment history		43

1 Name of Regulations

These Regulations are the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Regulations 1990*.

2 Definitions

In these Regulations, unless the contrary intention appears:

Act means the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989*.

category A country means:

- (a) a country that:
 - (i) is a party to the Rotterdam Convention; and
 - (ii) in relation to an industrial chemical mentioned in subregulation 11C(1), has provided an import response to the Rotterdam Convention Secretariat that:
 - (A) gives consent to the import of the industrial chemical; or
 - (B) gives consent to the import of the industrial chemical, subject to specified conditions; or
- (b) a country that is not a party to the Rotterdam Convention.

category B country means a country that:

- (a) is a party to the Rotterdam Convention; and
- (b) in relation to an industrial chemical mentioned in subregulation 11C(1):
 - (i) has provided an import response to the Rotterdam Convention Secretariat that gives no consent to the import of the industrial chemical; or
 - (ii) has not provided an import response to the Rotterdam Convention Secretariat.

Note 1: In February 2013, a list of parties to the Rotterdam Convention could be found at (www.pic.int/Countries/Statusofratifications/tabid/1072/language/en-US/Default.aspx).

Note 2: In February 2013, a database of import responses made by countries that are parties to the Rotterdam Convention could be found at (www.pic.int/Procedures/ImportResponses/Database/tabid/1370/language/en-US/Default.aspx).

cationic means containing net positively charged atoms or associated groups of atoms covalently linked to its polymer molecule.

comparable agency means:

- (a) the Therapeutic Goods Administration under the *Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*; or
- (b) the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority under the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994*; or

- (c) Food Standards Australia New Zealand under the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991*; or
- (d) a chemicals notification and assessment scheme operating in a member country of the European Union or the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

Environment Department means the Department administered by the Minister administering the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*.

GHS means the document called ‘Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals’, third revised edition, published by the United Nations.

high concern reactive functional group: see clause 3 of Schedule 3.

import response, for an industrial chemical mentioned in subregulation 11C(1), means:

- (a) a consent to the import of the industrial chemical; or
- (b) a consent to the import of the industrial chemical, subject to specified conditions; or
- (c) a consent to the import of the industrial chemical during an interim period; or
- (d) a consent to the import of the industrial chemical during an interim period, subject to specified conditions; or
- (e) no consent to the import of the industrial chemical; or
- (f) no consent to the import of the industrial chemical during an interim period.

Note: In February 2013, a database of import responses made by countries that are parties to the Rotterdam Convention could be found at (www.pic.int/Procedures/ImportResponses/Database/tabid/1370/language/en-US/Default.aspx).

inspection times means between 1000 hours and noon and between 1400 hours and 1600 hours on each day that is not:

- (a) a Saturday or a Sunday; or
- (b) a public holiday:
 - (i) in the place where the Library is located; or
 - (ii) for the purposes of the Australian Public Service in that place.

Library means the library within the National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme, located at Level 7, 260 Elizabeth Street Surry Hills NSW 2010.

limited application means an application that must be accompanied by a notification statement that contains the matters stated in:

- (a) Parts A and B in the Schedule to the Act; or
- (b) Parts A, B and D in the Schedule to the Act.

low concern reactive functional group: see clause 1 of Schedule 3.

moderate concern reactive functional group: see clause 2 of Schedule 3.

natural waterway includes:

- (a) a stream (permanent or ephemeral), river, lake, estuary or coastal water:
 - (i) that is natural; and
 - (ii) where water is present naturally or may flow through or gather; and
- (b) an artificial structure including an irrigation channel, a dam, reservoir, impoundment or holding pond from which water may reach a natural waterway directly.

Rotterdam Convention means the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade, done at Rotterdam on 10 September 1998, as amended by any amendment of the Convention that has entered into force for Australia.

standard application means an application that must be accompanied by a notification statement that contains the matters stated in:

- (a) Parts A, B and C of the Schedule to the Act; or
- (b) Parts A, B, C and D of the Schedule to the Act; or
- (c) Parts A, B, C and E of the Schedule to the Act; or
- (d) Parts A, B, C, D and E of the Schedule to the Act.

Stockholm Convention means the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants, done at Stockholm on 22 May 2001, as amended by any amendment of the Convention that has entered into force in Australia.

water treatment works means a sewer or similar structure where a chemical is diluted, held or treated before discharge into a natural waterway.

3 Prescribed data for the purposes of paragraph (f) of the definition of *basic information* in section 5 of the Act

- (1) Subject to subregulation (2), for the purposes of paragraph (f) of the definition of **basic information** in section 5 of the Act the following physical and chemical data is prescribed:
 - (a) whichever of the melting point, boiling point or freezing point of the chemical is appropriate;
 - (b) the chemical's density in kg/m³, and:
 - (i) in the case of a gas—its specific gravity where air = 1; and
 - (ii) in the case of a liquid—its liquid density and vapour density;
 - (c) the chemical's vapour pressure in kilopascals at 25°C;
 - (d) the chemical's solubility in grams per litre in water at 20°C;
 - (e) in the case of a chemical whose water solubility exceeds 10⁻⁶ gms/litre—the degrees of hydrolysis at 25°C at pH values of 4-9 and 1-2;

- (f) in the case of a chemical that dissolves in water without dissociation or association and which is not surface-active—the partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) at 20°C expressed as $\log P^{ow}$;
 - (g) a summary of the information about the adsorption and desorption of the chemical to and from standard soils;
 - (h) in the case of a chemical that dissociates in water—the dissociation constant expressed as pKa determined by a specified manner;
 - (j) (i) in the case of a chemical that is a solid—the mean particle size and size range including the respirable fraction (1-10 microns); or
(ii) in the case of a chemical that is fibrous—fibre length and length range;
 - (k) the flash point in °C of the chemical;
 - (l) the degree of the chemical's flammability, including:
 - (i) for gases and vapours—the upper and lower limits of flammability in air; and
 - (ia) for solids—the ability to propagate combustion; and
 - (ii) the identity of toxic and hazardous products of the chemical's combustion;
 - (m) the minimum temperature for the chemical's auto ignition;
 - (n) a summary of the chemical's explosive properties, including the chemical's potential (if any) to detonate as the result of heat, shock or friction;
 - (o) a summary of the information about the stability and reactivity of the chemical.
- (2) The data prescribed by subregulation (1) does not include data that has not been made available to the Director.

4 Prescribed data for the purposes of paragraph (g) of the definition of *basic information* in section 5 of the Act

- (1) Subject to subregulation (2), for the purposes of paragraph (g) of the definition of *basic information* in section 5 of the Act, the prescribed data is a summary of the data:
- (a) relating to the health effects or environmental effects of the chemical; and
 - (b) referred to in Parts C and E of the Schedule to the Act.
- (2) The data prescribed by subregulation (1) does not include data that has not been made available to the Director.

4AA Hazardous chemical definition

- (1) This regulation is made for section 5 of the Act.
- (2) A ***hazardous chemical*** is a chemical that satisfies the criteria for a hazard class under the GHS, but does not include a chemical that satisfies the criteria solely for one of the following hazard classes:
- (a) flammable gases, category 2;

- (b) acute toxicity—oral, category 5;
- (c) acute toxicity—dermal, category 5;
- (d) acute toxicity—inhalation, category 5;
- (e) skin corrosion/irritation, category 3;
- (f) serious eye damage/eye irritation, category 2B;
- (g) aspiration hazard, category 2;
- (h) hazardous to the aquatic environment, category acute 1, 2 or 3;
- (i) hazardous to the aquatic environment, category chronic 1, 2, 3 or 4;
- (j) hazardous to the ozone layer.

4AB Prescribed reactants

For the definition of *prescribed reactant* in section 5 of the Act, a substance set out in Schedule 4 is prescribed.

4A *Polymer of low concern*—number average molecular weight greater than or equal to 1,000 and less than 10,000 (Act s 5)

- (1) For the purposes of subparagraph (a)(i) of the definition of *polymer of low concern* in subsection 5(1) of the Act, the characteristics relating to weight for a polymer that has a number average molecular weight that is greater than or equal to 1,000, but less than 10,000, are set out in this regulation.

General

- (2) The polymer must:
- (a) have less than 10% by mass of molecules with molecular weight that is less than 500; and
 - (b) have less than 25% by mass of molecules with molecular weight that is less than 1,000.

Polymers that include moderate concern reactive functional groups and do not include high concern reactive functional groups

- (3) In addition to the characteristics mentioned in subregulation (2), if the polymer includes moderate concern reactive functional groups, and does not include high concern reactive functional groups, the polymer must have a combined functional group equivalent weight of at least 1,000.
- (4) In calculating the weight mentioned in subregulation (3), all moderate concern reactive functional groups included in the polymer must be taken into account.

Polymers that include high concern reactive functional groups

- (5) In addition to the characteristics mentioned in subregulation (2), if the polymer includes high concern reactive functional groups, the polymer must have a combined functional group equivalent weight of at least 5,000.

- (6) In calculating the weight mentioned in subregulation (5), the following must be taken into account:
- (a) all moderate concern reactive functional groups included in the polymer;
 - (b) all high concern reactive functional groups included in the polymer.

4B *Polymer of low concern—number average molecular weight that is 10,000 or greater (Act s 5)*

For the purposes of subparagraph (a)(i) of the definition of *polymer of low concern* in subsection 5(1) of the Act, the characteristics relating to weight for a polymer that has a number average molecular weight that is 10,000 or greater are that the polymer must:

- (a) have less than 2% by mass of molecules with molecular weight that is less than 500; and
- (b) have less than 5% by mass of molecules with molecular weight that is less than 1,000.

4C *Polymer of low concern—low charge density (Act s 5)*

For paragraph (b) of the definition of *polymer of low concern* in section 5 of the Act, a polymer has a low charge density if:

- (a) it is both:
 - (i) not cationic; and
 - (ii) not likely to become cationic in an aquatic environment that has a pH value greater than 4 and less than 9; or
- (b) it is a solid that is:
 - (i) not soluble or dispersible in water; and
 - (ii) to be used only in its solid phase; or
- (c) for a polymer that includes 1 or more cationic groups, the total combined functional group equivalent weight of any cationic group is at least 5 000.

4E *Polymer of low concern—when polymer does not dissociate readily (Act s 5)*

For paragraph (d) of the definition of *polymer of low concern* in section 5 of the Act, a polymer does not dissociate readily if it is not likely to become cationic in an aquatic environment that has a pH value greater than 4 and less than 9.

4H *Polymer of low concern—when polymer is stable (Act s 5)*

For paragraph (e) of the definition of *polymer of low concern* in section 5 of the Act, a polymer is stable under the conditions in which it is used if, under those conditions, it does not readily break down by any process, including the following:

- (a) depolymerisation;
- (b) hydrolysis;
- (c) photodegradation;
- (d) thermal degradation.

4I Polymer of low concern—other characteristics (Act s 5)

- (1A) For the purposes of paragraph (f) of the definition of *polymer of low concern* in subsection 5(1) of the Act, the characteristics set out in this regulation are prescribed.
- (1) A polymer must contain as an integral part of its composition at least 2 of the following atomic elements:
- (a) carbon;
 - (b) hydrogen;
 - (c) nitrogen;
 - (d) oxygen;
 - (e) silicon;
 - (f) sulphur.
- (2) A polymer must not contain as an integral part of its composition (except as impurities) an atomic element other than the following:
- (a) aluminium as the monatomic counterion Al^{3+} ;
 - (b) bromine as the monatomic counterion Br^- ;
 - (c) bromine covalently bound to carbon;
 - (d) calcium as the monatomic counterion Ca^{2+} ;
 - (e) carbon;
 - (f) chlorine as the monatomic counterion Cl^- ;
 - (g) chlorine covalently bound to carbon;
 - (h) fluorine covalently bound to carbon;
 - (i) hydrogen;
 - (j) iodine as the monatomic counterion I^- ;
 - (k) iodine covalently bound to carbon;
 - (l) magnesium as the monatomic counterion Mg^{2+} ;
 - (m) nitrogen;
 - (n) oxygen;
 - (o) potassium as the monatomic counterion K^+ ;
 - (p) silicon;
 - (q) sodium as the monatomic counterion Na^+ ;
 - (r) sulphur;
 - (s) less than 0.2% (by weight) of any combination of the following atomic elements:
 - (i) boron;
 - (ii) copper;
 - (iii) iron;
 - (iv) lithium;
 - (v) manganese;
 - (vi) nickel;
 - (vii) phosphorus;

- (viii) tin;
 - (ix) titanium;
 - (x) zinc;
 - (xi) zirconium.
- (3) A polymer that is capable of absorbing its own weight in water must not have a number average molecular weight that is 10 000 or greater.
- (4) A polymer must not contain as an integral part of its composition (except as an impurity) a chain (whether branched or linear) of fully fluorinated carbon atoms, at least one end of which is terminated by a perfluoromethyl (CF₃) group.

4J Non-hazardous chemical—criteria relating to environmental effect (Act s 5)

- (1) For paragraph (c) of the definition of *non-hazardous chemical* in subsection 5(2) of the Act, the criteria set out in this regulation are prescribed.
- (2) A non-hazardous chemical to which paragraph 21(6)(c), subsection 23(5), (7) or (9) or paragraph 23A(1)(b) of the Act applies must:
- (a) have one of the following characteristics:
 - (i) if the chemical dissolves in water without dissociation or association and is not surface-active, the partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) at 20°C expressed as log P_{ow} must not exceed 3;
 - (ii) the chemical's solubility in water must be more than 1mg/litre;
 - (iii) the chemical's number-average molecular weight (in the case of a polymer) or the chemical's molecular weight (in any other case) must be more than 1 000; and
 - (b) be readily biodegradable in accordance with the test known as a Ready Biodegradability Test mentioned in paragraph (q) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act; and
 - (c) not have a toxicity:
 - (i) to fish, using the test mentioned in paragraph (m) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as an LC₅₀, that is less than 100 mg/litre; and
 - (ii) to aquatic invertebrates, using the test mentioned in paragraph (n) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as an EC₅₀, that is less than 100 mg/litre; and
 - (iii) to algae, using the test mentioned in paragraph (p) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as an EC₅₀, that is less than 100 mg/litre.
- (3) A non-hazardous chemical to which subsection 23(4) or (6) of the Act applies must meet the criterion mentioned in paragraph (2)(a).
- (4) For a non-hazardous chemical to which section 24A of the Act applies, carbon or silicon must be its largest component.

4K Introduction of non-hazardous chemical—matters to be taken into account (Act s 5)

- (1) For paragraph 5(3)(g) of the Act and subject to subregulation (2), the Director must take account of the likelihood of the chemical being released:
 - (a) into a water treatment works at a rate more than:
 - (i) 10 kilograms each year from an individual source; or
 - (ii) 50 kilograms in total; or
 - (b) directly into a natural waterway.
- (2) Paragraph (1)(a) does not apply if:
 - (a) subsection 23(4) or (6) of the Act applies to the chemical and:
 - (i) the chemical meets the criteria mentioned in paragraphs 4J(2)(b) and (c); and
 - (ii) the person who introduces the chemical has information available that shows that those criteria are met; or
 - (b) subsection 23(5), (7) or (9) of the Act applies to the chemical.

5 Prescribed form of Inventory

For the purposes of subsection 11(2) of the Act, the Inventory must:

- (a) be divided into a confidential section and non-confidential section; and
- (b) consist of lists of chemicals in the following form:
 - (i) the names of the chemicals in the same order as the sequence of the names followed by the Chemical Abstracts Service;
 - (ii) the Chemical Abstracts Service numbers of the chemicals in the same order as those numbers or, if those numbers are not available, in accordance with an alternative numbering system;
 - (iii) the molecular formulas of the chemicals in the same order as the sequence of the formulas followed by the Chemical Abstracts Service.

6 Inspection of Inventory

- (1) For paragraph 15(b) of the Act, copies of the non-confidential section of the Inventory may be inspected by the public at the Library during inspection times.
- (2) For paragraph 15(b) of the Act, the fee is \$35.

6AA Prescribed period—transfer of industrial chemical from non-confidential section to confidential section (subsection 18A(1) of the Act)

For the purposes of subsection 18A(1) of the Act, the prescribed period is the period of 56 days commencing on 7 August 1997.

6AB Low volume introduction (Act, s. 21)

- (1) For subparagraph 21(4)(b)(i) of the Act, the requirements set out in this regulation are prescribed.

Regulation 6AB

- (1A) For subparagraph 21(4)(b)(ii) of the Act, the requirements set out in subregulations (4), (7A), (8) and (9) are prescribed.
- (1B) For subparagraph 21(6)(c)(iv) of the Act, the requirements set out in subregulations (2) to (4) and (7A), (8) and (9) are prescribed.
- (1C) For the purposes of subparagraph 21(6)(d)(ii) of the Act, the requirements set out in subregulations (7A), (8) and (9) are prescribed.
- (2) The chemical must not be used in the cosmetic as:
- (a) a preservative; or
 - (b) a colouring agent; or
 - (c) an ultraviolet filter.
- (3) The chemical must not be prohibited or restricted for use as a cosmetic, or for use in cosmetics:
- (a) in the European Union under Council Directive 76/768/EEC as in force on 1 November 2011; or
 - (b) in the United States of America under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act as in force on 1 November 2011.
- (4) The chemical must comply with any law of the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory that relates, whether expressly or by implication, to the manufacture or importation of the chemical.
- (5) If the chemical is present in the cosmetic at a concentration of 1% or more, the person who introduces the chemical must have information that indicates that the chemical will be safe for use by potentially high-risk groups (including, for example, infants, elderly persons and atopic persons), consistent with the anticipated pattern of consumer exposure.
- (6) The person who introduces the chemical must notify the Director in writing of the introduction.
- (7) The notification under subregulation (6) must include:
- (a) in relation to a chemical that is introduced in a cosmetic at a concentration of 1% or more and in an amount that is greater than 10 kilograms but not greater than 100 kilograms in a period of 12 months:
 - (i) a statement setting out each requirement of subregulations (2) to (5) and how that requirement is complied with; and
 - (ii) a declaration that the contents of the notification are correct as far as the person knows; and
 - (b) in relation to a chemical that is introduced in a cosmetic at a concentration of less than 1% and in an amount that is greater than 10 kilograms but less than 100 kilograms in a period of 12 months:
 - (i) a statement setting out each requirement of subregulations (2) to (4) and how that requirement is complied with; and
 - (ii) a declaration that the contents of the notification are correct as far as the person knows.

-
- (7A) The person who introduces the chemical must keep in writing, for 5 years after the introduction, all information available to the person about occupational health and safety, public health matters and the environmental effects of the chemical.
 - (8) The information kept under subregulation (7A) must be produced to the Director on request.
 - (9) For subregulation (7A), information is taken to be available to a person if, having regard to the person's abilities, experience, qualifications and other attributes, the person ought reasonably to have been aware of the information.

6A Specified information for application of commercial evaluation permit

For the purposes of paragraph 21D(2)(b) of the Act, the following information is specified:

- (a) the matters set out in subparagraphs 6(a)(i) to (iv) of Part B of the Schedule to the Act; and
- (b) the matters set out in items 7, 8 and 11 of Part B of the Schedule to the Act; and
- (c) a summary of the chemical's health effects and environmental effects.

6BA Low volume permit guidelines

For subparagraph 21U(2)(b)(ii) of the Act, the guidelines set out in Schedule 1AA are prescribed.

6B Prescribed information for application for controlled use permit

For paragraph 22C(2)(e) of the Act, the following information about the chemical must be supplied in the application:

- (a) the matters set out in items 1 and 13 of Part B of the Schedule to the Act;
- (b) if the chemical is to be introduced in an amount that is greater than 10 tonnes in a period of 12 months:
 - (i) information about the matters set out in Part C of the Schedule to the Act that is available to the applicant; and
 - (ii) for a chemical that is to be used as an ultraviolet filter in a cosmetic to be applied to the skin—information about the matters set out in Part E of the Schedule to the Act that is available to the applicant;
- (c) if the chemical is a polymer, the matters relating to the polymer's molecular weight set out in items 2, 3 and 4 of Part D of the Schedule to the Act;
- (d) whether the chemical is, or contains, a hazardous chemical;
- (e) whether the chemical has been notified and assessed in a foreign country;
- (f) the concentration amount of the chemical in the product containing the chemical;
- (g) the safety procedures to be observed when handling and storing the chemical;

- (h) the procedures to be adopted to control or limit the release of the chemical, or waste products resulting from the chemical, into the environment or workplace;
- (i) for an application for a controlled use permit by an applicant who intends to export the chemical—the details of the country to which the chemical is to be exported;
- (j) the Safety Data Sheet in relation to the chemical or the product containing the chemical;
- (k) the label to be attached to the packaging of the chemical or the product containing the chemical.

6C Controlled use permit guidelines

For subparagraph 22F(1)(b)(ii) of the Act, the guidelines set out in Schedule 1AB are prescribed for an application for a controlled use permit by an applicant who does not intend to export all of the chemical.

7 Prescribed international inventory of chemicals

For the purposes of paragraph 24(1)(b) of the Act, each of the following is a prescribed international inventory of chemicals:

- (a) The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) issued by the Commission of European Communities;
- (b) The List of Existing Chemical Substances issued by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Japan;
- (c) The Existing Chemicals List issued by the Ministry of Labour, Japan;
- (d) Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Toxic Substances, Washington DC 20460.

7A Statements by importers of chemicals

- (1) The importer of a chemical must keep a statement in accordance with subregulation (2) together with documents relating to the chemical that are relevant commercial documents within the meaning of section 240 of the *Customs Act 1901*.
- (2) The statement must be in writing and specify:
 - (a) whether the chemical is, or contains, an industrial chemical; and
 - (c) whether the chemical is a new industrial chemical; and
 - (d) whether there is an assessment certificate under subsection 39(1) or (1A) of the Act in force in relation to the chemical; and
 - (e) in the case of a chemical to which paragraph (b) or (d) does not apply—whether subsection 21(2) of the Act applies to the chemical.

7B Chemicals to which early introduction permit can apply

For paragraph 30A(1A)(c) of the Act, the criteria are:

- (a) set out in:
 - (i) clauses 2 and 3 of Schedule 1AA; or
 - (ii) clause 2 of Schedule 1AB; and
- (b) the requirement that the introduction of the chemical is consistent with the reasonable protection of occupational health and safety, public health and the environment, taking into account the following matters:
 - (i) the proposed nature of the use of the chemical;
 - (ii) the extent of the proposed use of the chemical;
 - (iii) the effect of the chemical on the environment;
 - (iv) the effect of the chemical on occupational health and safety and public health;
 - (v) the structure and activity of the chemical;
 - (vi) whether, in Australia or overseas, the chemical is the subject of:
 - (A) investigations initiated by a person because of concerns about a possible adverse effect on occupational health and safety, public health or the environment; or
 - (B) action taken by a person to control the use of, or access to, the chemical.

8A Prescribed authority (Act s 38(5)(a))

For paragraph 38(5)(a) of the Act, the Environment Department is the prescribed authority of the Commonwealth.

8B Assessment certificates

For subsections 39(1) and (1A) of the Act, an assessment certificate must contain the following:

- (a) the name of the applicant;
- (b) particulars of the chemical (other than exempt information);
- (c) a statement that the applicant has complied with the requirements of the Act regarding the notification of the chemical;
- (d) a statement that the chemical has been assessed under the Act;
- (e) a statement that a notice has been, or is to be, published in the Chemical Gazette stating that the public report about the chemical is available;
- (f) the date of publication of the notice mentioned in paragraph (e).

8C Prescribed authority (Act s 40G(1)(a)(i))

For subparagraph 40G(1)(a)(i) of the Act, the Environment Department is the prescribed authority of the Commonwealth.

8D Extension of original assessment certificates

For the purposes of subsection 40H(2) of the Act, an assessment certificate endorsed to indicate that it is an extension of an original assessment certificate must contain the following:

- (a) the name of the applicant for the original assessment certificate;
- (b) the name of the importer or manufacturer who applied for extension of the original assessment certificate;
- (c) particulars of the chemical (other than exempt information);
- (d) a statement that the applicant for the original assessment certificate had complied with the requirements of the Act regarding the notification of the chemical;
- (e) a statement that the chemical has been assessed under the Act;
- (f) the date of publication, in the Chemical Gazette, of the notice that stated the original public report about the chemical was available;
- (g) a statement that a notice has been, or is to be, published in the Chemical Gazette stating that the public report incorporating modifications is available;
- (h) the date of publication of the notice mentioned in paragraph (g).

9 Application forms—section 55 of the Act

- (1) For the purposes of subsection 55(1) of the Act, Form 1 in Schedule 1 is prescribed.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection 55(2) of the Act, Form 2 in Schedule 1 is prescribed.

9B Prescribed authority (Act s 60F (7)(a))

For paragraph 60F(7) (a) of the Act, the Environment Department is the prescribed authority of the Commonwealth.

11 Inspection of Safety Data Sheets

For the purposes of section 78 of the Act, copies of the Safety Data Sheet (if any) for a chemical may be inspected by the public at the Library during inspection times.

11AA Inspection of Register

For the purposes of subsection 80C(4) of the Act, the Register may be inspected by the public at the Library during inspection times.

11AB Amount of registration charge

- (1) This regulation sets out amounts of registration charge for the purposes of the items in the table in subsection 80T(2) of the Act.
- (3) For the registration year beginning on 1 September 2017, the amounts are as follows:
 - (a) for the purposes of table item 1—\$317;
 - (b) for the purposes of table item 2—\$2,112;

- (c) for the purposes of table item 3—\$22,322.
- (4) For the registration year beginning on 1 September 2018, the amounts are as follows:
 - (a) for the purposes of table item 1—\$346;
 - (b) for the purposes of table item 2—\$2,286;
 - (c) for the purposes of table item 3—\$24,116.
- (5) For the registration year beginning on 1 September 2019, and for each later registration year, the amounts are as follows:
 - (a) for the purposes of table item 1—\$350;
 - (b) for the purposes of table item 2—\$2,315;
 - (c) for the purposes of table item 3—\$24,440.

11B Prescribed international agreement (Act s 106)

For paragraph 106(1) (a) of the Act, the following are prescribed international agreements:

- (a) the Rotterdam Convention;
- (b) the Stockholm Convention.

11C Introduction and export of certain industrial chemicals prohibited without approval (Act s 106)

- (1) This regulation applies to each of the following industrial chemicals, being chemicals that are the subject of the Rotterdam Convention:
 - (a) each of the following kinds of polybrominated biphenyls:
 - (i) hexabromobiphenyl;
 - (ii) octabromobiphenyl;
 - (iii) decabromobiphenyl;
 - (b) tris (2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate;
 - (c) polychlorinated biphenyls;
 - (d) polychlorinated terphenyls;
 - (e) tetraethyl lead;
 - (f) tetramethyl lead;
 - (g) commercial pentabromodiphenyl ether (including tetrabromodiphenyl ether and pentabromodiphenyl ether);
 - (h) commercial octabromodiphenyl ether (including hexabromodiphenyl ether and heptabromodiphenyl ether);
 - (i) perfluorooctane sulfonic acid;
 - (j) perfluorooctane sulfonates, perfluorooctane sulfonamides and perfluorooctane sulfonyls, including the following:
 - (i) potassium perfluorooctane sulfonate;
 - (ii) lithium perfluorooctane sulfonate;
 - (iii) ammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate;
 - (iv) diethanolammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate;

- (v) tetraethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate;
- (vi) didecyldimethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate;
- (vii) N-ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamide;
- (viii) N-methylperfluorooctane sulfonamide;
- (ix) N-ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl) perfluorooctane sulfonamide;
- (x) N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylperfluorooctane sulfonamide;
- (xi) perfluorooctane sulfonyl fluoride;
- (k) tributyltin compounds, including the following:
 - (i) tributyltin oxide;
 - (ii) tributyltin benzoate;
 - (iii) tributyltin chloride;
 - (iv) tributyltin fluoride;
 - (v) tributyltin linoleate;
 - (vi) tributyltin methacrylate;
 - (vii) tributyltin naphthenate;
- (l) alkanes, C10-13, chloro-.

(2) The export of an industrial chemical mentioned in subregulation (1) is prohibited unless the Director has given written approval for the export at or before the time of the proposed export.

(3) The introduction of an industrial chemical mentioned in paragraph (1)(a) or any of paragraphs (f) to (l) is prohibited unless the Director has given written approval for its introduction at or before the time of the proposed introduction.

Note: Section 21 of the Act (which relates to the introduction of new industrial chemicals) may also apply to the introduction of an industrial chemical mentioned in paragraph (1)(a), (h) or (i) or subparagraph (1)(j)(vi) or (vii).

(4) The introduction of the industrial chemical mentioned in paragraph (1)(e) is prohibited unless:

- (a) the Director has given written approval for its introduction at or before the time of the proposed introduction; or
- (b) the industrial chemical is introduced in aviation gasoline (avgas), or for use in the production of avgas; or
- (c) the industrial chemical is introduced:
 - (i) in leaded fuel; and
 - (ii) by a person in respect of whom an approval granted under subsection 13(1) of the *Fuel Quality Standards Act 2000* is in force at the time of the introduction; and
 - (iii) for the purpose of a supply that is specified in the approval.

(5) For subregulation (4):

fuel has the meaning given by subregulation 3(2) of the *Fuel Quality Standards Regulations 2001*.

supply has the meaning given by subsection 4(1) of the *Fuel Quality Standards Act 2000*.

Note: Subsection 106(5) of the Act provides that a person who introduces or exports an industrial chemical in contravention of a regulation made for the purposes of subsection 106(1), or of a condition or restriction prescribed by such a regulation, is guilty of an offence.

12 Inspection of Chemical Gazette

For the purposes of section 107 of the Act, copies of each Chemical Gazette that contains a notice under the Act may be inspected by the public at the Library during inspection times.

13 Fees and late renewal penalties

For the purposes of sections 110 and 110A of the Act, the fees and late renewal penalties payable under the Act are set out in Schedule 2.

14 When must fees be paid

A fee prescribed under regulation 13 must be paid at the time of lodgement of the application, statement, nomination or notification to which it relates.

14A Remission of registration charge

- (1) This regulation applies if:
 - (a) a person has paid an amount as or on account of registration charge in relation to a registration year; and
 - (b) the amount paid was greater than the amount of registration charge, if any, the person was liable to pay under section 80S of the Act in relation to the registration year; and
 - (c) the person is not entitled to be repaid the amount paid, under subsection 80P(3) of the Act, in relation to the registration year.
- (2) For paragraph 80U(b) of the Act, the Director may, either on his or her own initiative or on application by a person, remit the amount that is the difference between the amount paid and the amount of registration charge, if any, the person was liable to pay under section 80S of the Act in relation to the registration year.
- (3) An application by a person for the remission of an amount of registration charge must be in writing and be made within 3 years after the end of the registration year to which the charge relates.

15 Remission of fees (Act, s. 110)

- (1) Subject to subregulations (2) and (3), if:
 - (a) an application, statement, nomination or notification has been lodged and the prescribed fee has been paid; and

- (b) the application, statement, nomination or notification is withdrawn before:
 - (i) the Minister:
 - (A) has granted a permit under section 30 of the Act; or
 - (B) has approved a foreign scheme under subsection 43(3) of the Act; or
 - (ii) the Director:
 - (A) has made a decision in relation to an application under subsection 14(3), 17(3) or 19(7) or section 25, 29, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 60, 66 or 89 of the Act; or
 - (B) has given an assessment certificate under section 39 of the Act; or
 - (C) has given an authorisation under section 22 of the Act; or
 - (D) has waived or varied a requirement under section 24 of the Act; or
 - (E) has published a notice under section 65 of the Act;

the Director may, if he or she thinks fit, remit any part or the whole of the fee paid in respect of that application, statement, nomination or notification.

- (2) In exercising a discretion under subregulation (1), the Director must take into account the cost of any completed phase of the process of assessing or deciding the application, statement, nomination or notification.
- (3) If an application, statement, nomination or notification to which paragraph (1)(a) applies is withdrawn before consideration of it has begun:
 - (a) subregulation (1) does not apply; and
 - (b) 90% of the prescribed fee paid on the application, statement, nomination or notification must be repaid to the person or persons who paid it.
- (4) If:
 - (a) a person lodges an application or notification and pays the prescribed fee; and
 - (b) the Director considers that more information is needed to enable the Director to assess or otherwise process the application or notification; and
 - (c) the Director considers the person can give the information to the Director; and
 - (d) the Director gives the person a written notice specifying the information needed and requiring the person to give the information to the Director; and
 - (e) the person fails, within the time (of at least 14 days) specified in the written notice for giving the information:
 - (i) to give the Director the information; or
 - (ii) to satisfy the Director that the person cannot give some or all of the information;

the person is taken to have withdrawn the application or notification, and the Director must repay the prescribed fee minus the screening fee.
- (5) The **screening fee** is an amount equal to 15% of the prescribed fee.

-
- (6) The Director may remit a part, or the whole, of a fee paid for an application made under subsection 30A(1) of the Act for a chemical mentioned in paragraph 30A(1A)(a) or (b) of the Act.

16 Waiver or remission of fees—application under section 24 of the Act to vary the requirements of section 23 of the Act

For subsection 110(5) of the Act, the Director may, on behalf of the Commonwealth, wholly or partly waive or remit any fee that would otherwise be payable by a person under paragraph 110(1)(f) of the Act, if the Director considers that it is reasonable to do so in the circumstances.

16A Waiver of fees—secondary notification of listed industrial chemicals

For subsection 110(5) of the Act, the Director may wholly or partly waive any fee that would otherwise be payable by a person under paragraph 110(1)(s) of the Act, if the fee is payable in relation to a notification of a listed industrial chemical.

16B Waiver or remission of late renewal penalty

For subsection 110A(4) of the Act, the Director may, on behalf of the Commonwealth, wholly or partly waive or remit any late renewal penalty that would otherwise be payable under section 110A of the Act, if the Director considers that it is reasonable to do so in the circumstances.

17 Appeal to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal

- (1) Applications may be made to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for review of decisions of the Director made in the exercise of the Director's powers under any of the following:
- (a) subregulation 14A(2);
 - (b) subregulation 15(1);
 - (c) subregulation 15(4);
 - (d) regulation 16;
 - (e) regulation 16A;
 - (f) regulation 16B.
- (2) In subregulation (1), *decision* has the same meaning as in the *Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975*.

18 Transitional provisions

Schedule 5 has effect.

Schedule 1AA—Low volume permit and early introduction permit guidelines

(regulations 6BA and 7B)

1 Purpose of guidelines

These guidelines set out:

- (a) for regulation 6BA—matters that the Director must consider for an application under subparagraph 21U(2)(b)(ii) of the Act for a low volume permit, if the total quantity of the chemical proposed to be introduced is not more than 1 000 kg; and
- (b) for regulation 7B—criteria for a chemical or class of chemicals, other than a polymer of low concern or a non-hazardous chemical, for which an application may be made under subsection 30A(1A) of the Act for an early introduction permit.

Note: For paragraph (a), these guidelines only apply to the proposed introduction of more than 100 kg and up to 1 000 kg—see Act, s 21U(2)(c).

2 All chemicals (including polymers other than those with number average molecular weight that is 1 000 or greater)

For a chemical, including polymers other than those with number average molecular weight that is 1 000 or greater, the matters, or criteria, are that the chemical:

- (a) is:
 - (i) not a hazardous chemical; or
 - (ii) a hazardous chemical that is classified under the GHS as ‘skin irritant, category 2’; or
 - (iii) a hazardous chemical that is classified under the GHS as ‘eye irritant, category 2A’; and
- (b) does not have a toxicity:
 - (i) to fish, using the test mentioned in paragraph (m) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as an LC_{50} , that is less than 100 mg/litre; and
 - (ii) to aquatic invertebrates, using the test mentioned in paragraph (n) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as an EC_{50} , that is less than 100 mg/litre; and
 - (iii) to algae, using the test mentioned in paragraph (p) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as IC_{50} , that is less than 100 mg/litre; and
- (c) either:
 - (i) is not a dangerous good; or
 - (ii) is a dangerous good that is a Class 3 flammable liquid as defined in the ADG Code.

3 Polymers with number average molecular weight that is 1 000 or greater

For a polymer with number average molecular weight that is 1 000 or greater, the matters, or criteria, are that the polymer:

- (a) has less than 10% by mass of molecules with molecular weight that is less than 500; and
- (b) has less than 25% by mass of molecules with molecular weight that is less than 1 000; and
- (c) has low charge density, as defined in Regulation 4C; and
- (d) does not have any of the following hazard classes under the GHS:
 - (i) acute toxicity, category 1, 2 or 3;
 - (ii) skin corrosion, category 1A, 1B or 1C;
 - (iii) serious eye damage, category 1;
 - (iv) respiratory sensitisation, category 1A or 1B;
 - (v) skin sensitisation, category 1A or 1B;
 - (vi) germ cell mutagenicity, category 1A, 1B or 2;
 - (vii) carcinogenicity, category 1A, 1B or 2;
 - (viii) reproductive toxicity, category 1A, 1B or 2;
 - (ix) adverse effects on or via lactation;
 - (x) specific target organ toxicity—single exposure, category 1 or 2;
 - (xi) specific target organ toxicity—repeated exposure, category 1 or 2.

Schedule 1AB—Controlled use permit and early introduction permit guidelines

(regulations 6C and 7B)

1 Purpose of guidelines

These guidelines set out:

- (a) for regulation 6C—matters that the Director must consider for an application under subparagraph 22F(1)(b)(ii) of the Act for a controlled use permit, if the applicant does not intend to export all of the chemical; and
- (b) for regulation 7B—criteria for a chemical or class of chemicals, other than a polymer of low concern or a non-hazardous chemical, for which an application may be made under subsection 30A(1A) of the Act for an early introduction permit.

2 Intended use

The matters, or criteria, are that:

- (a) the chemical does not have any of the following hazard classes under the GHS:
 - (i) acute toxicity, category 1, 2 or 3;
 - (ii) skin corrosion, category 1A, 1B or 1C;
 - (iii) serious eye damage, category 1;
 - (iv) respiratory sensitisation, category 1A or 1B;
 - (v) skin sensitisation, category 1A or 1B;
 - (vi) germ cell mutagenicity, category 1A, 1B or 2;
 - (vii) carcinogenicity, category 1A, 1B or 2;
 - (viii) reproductive toxicity, category 1A, 1B or 2;
 - (ix) adverse effects on or via lactation;
 - (x) specific target organ toxicity—single exposure, category 1 or 2;
 - (xi) specific target organ toxicity—repeated exposure, category 1 or 2;
- (b) the chemical does not have a toxicity:
 - (i) to fish, using the test mentioned in paragraph (m) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as an LC_{50} , that is equal to or less than 10 mg/litre; and
 - (ii) to aquatic invertebrates, using the test mentioned in paragraph (n) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as an EC_{50} , that is equal to or less than 10 mg/litre; and
 - (iii) to algae, using the test mentioned in paragraph (p) of Part C of the Schedule to the Act, and expressed as IC_{50} , that is equal to or less than 10 mg/litre; and
- (c) for human exposure:
 - (i) there are no exposures to consumers or the general public inherent in the proposed manufacturing, processing or uses of the chemical; and

- (ii) any worker exposure that is likely to occur will be adequately controlled through use of engineering controls, work practices and personal protective equipment; and
- (d) for environmental exposure, all routine releases from manufacture, processing and use (including releases associated with cleaning of equipment and from disposal or cleaning of containers and packaging) have been considered and adequate controls are in place to ensure:
 - (i) no ambient release to surface water resulting in concentrations of the chemical above 1 part per billion; and
 - (ii) no ambient release to air above 1 microgram per cubic metre average annual concentration; and
 - (iii) no release to land or landfill unless the chemical has negligible potential for migration to groundwater.

Schedule 1—Forms

(regulation 9)

Form 1

APPLICATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF A CHEMICAL UNDER SUBSECTION 55(1) OF THE *INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS (NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT) ACT* 1989

Name of applicant:

Address of applicant:

Details of chemical:

- | | | |
|-----|--|-----|
| (1) | Chemical name of chemical: | (a) |
| (2) | Name or names by which the chemical is known: | (b) |
| (3) | Name or names under which the chemical is marketed by applicant: | (c) |
| (4) | Chemical Abstract Service Number: | (d) |
| (5) | Molecular formula: | |
| (6) | Structural Formula: | |
| (7) | Gram-molecular weight: | |

.....

(Signature of applicant)

(e)

-
- (a) insert the chemical name of the chemical:
- (i) in the case of a pure chemical:
 - (A) the name to be used in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances, that is the Chemical Abstracts (CA) Preferred Index Name; or
 - (B) if such a name is not available — the name to be used by the International Union for Pure and Applied Chemistry; and
 - (ii) in any other case — as complete a description of the chemical as is practicable; and
 - (iii) in the case of a biopolymer, include a description of the biological source of the biopolymer
- (b) insert the name or names by which the chemical is known or identified in scientific or technical literature
- (c) insert the name or names under which applicant markets, or intends to market, the chemical
- (d) insert the number assigned to the chemical by the service known as the Chemical Abstract Service
- (e) insert date
-

Form 2

APPLICATION FOR ASSESSMENT OF A CHEMICAL UNDER SUBSECTION 55(2) OF THE *INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS (NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT) ACT* 1989

Name of applicant:

Address of applicant:

Details of chemical:

- | | | |
|-----|--|-----|
| (1) | Chemical name of chemical: | (a) |
| (2) | Name or names by which chemical is known: | (b) |
| (3) | Name or names under which chemical is marketed by applicant: | (c) |
| (4) | Chemical Abstract Service Number: | (d) |
| (5) | Molecular formula: | |
| (6) | Structural Formula: | |
| (7) | Gram-molecular weight: | |

.....

(Signature of applicant)

(e)

- (a) insert the chemical name of the chemical:
- (i) in the case of a pure chemical:
 - (A) the name to be used in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances, that is the Chemical Abstracts (CA) Preferred Index Name; or
 - (B) if such a name is not available — the name to be used by the International Union for Pure and Applied Chemistry; and
 - (ii) in any other case — as complete a description of the chemical as is practicable; and
 - (iii) in the case of a biopolymer, include a description of the biological source of the biopolymer
- (b) insert the name or names by which the chemical is known or identified in scientific or technical literature
- (c) insert the name or names under which applicant markets, or intends to market, the chemical
- (d) insert the number assigned to the chemical by the service known as the Chemical Abstract Service
- (e) insert date
-

Schedule 2—Fees and late renewal penalties

Note: See regulation 13.

1 Fees and late renewal penalties

The following table sets out the fees and late renewal penalties payable under the Act.

Item	Fees and late renewal penalties	Amount (\$)
1	Fee for application under section 13B of the Act that is made after 28 days of the giving of an assessment certificate	940
2	Fee for application under subsection 14(3) of the Act for the inclusion of a chemical in the confidential section	4,080
3	Fee for application under subsection 17(3) of the Act to be the holder of a confidence	890
4	Fee for statement under subsection 19(4) of the Act setting out the reasons why a chemical should not be transferred to the non-confidential section	4,080
5	Fee for application under section 21B of the Act:	
	(a) for a commercial evaluation permit	4,710
	(b) for renewal of a commercial evaluation permit	2,460
6	Fee for application under section 21P, 21ZB, 22O, 25, 29, 30A, 40D, 42, 45, 50, 60, 66 or 89 of the Act that information be treated as exempt information	1,210
7	Fee for application under section 21R of the Act:	
	(a) for a low volume permit	4,710
	(b) for renewal of a low volume permit	2,460
8	Fee for application under section 22B of the Act:	
	(a) for a controlled use permit	4,710
	(b) for renewal of a controlled use permit	2,460
9	Fee for application under section 23 of the Act for an assessment certificate for a chemical:	
	(a) other than an application to which subsection 41(3) or 44(1) of the Act applies:	
	(i) for a standard application	19,890
	(ii) for a limited application	14,230
	(iii) for an application for a polymer of low concern	6,590
	(b) to which paragraph 41(3)(d) of the Act applies	12,350
	(c) to which subsection 44(1) of the Act applies:	
	(i) for a standard application	14,650
	(ii) for a limited application	10,570
	(iii) for an application for a polymer of low concern	4,080
	(d) that is accompanied by an assessment by a comparable agency:	

Item	Fees and late renewal penalties	Amount (\$)
	(i) for a standard application	15,910
	(ii) for a limited application	11,310
	(iii) for an application for a polymer of low concern	5,340
	(e) that is accompanied by an assessment made under section 32 of the Act of a chemical that is similar to the chemical that is the subject of the application:	
	(i) for a standard application	12,030
	(ii) for a limited application	8,690
	(iii) for an application for a polymer of low concern	3,980
	(f) that is made at the same time as an application for a similar chemical that has the same or similar uses:	
	(i) for a standard application	4,710
	(ii) for a limited application, or an application for a polymer of low concern	3,040
10	Fee for application under section 23A of the Act for a self-assessed assessment certificate for a chemical:	
	(a) for a polymer of low concern	4,500
	(b) for a non-hazardous chemical that is a synthetic polymer with a number average molecular weight that is 1,000 or greater, other than a polymer of low concern	11,510
	(c) for any other non-hazardous chemical	12,350
11	Fee for application under section 24 of the Act to vary the requirements of section 23 of the Act	3,140
12	Fee for application under section 30 of the Act for an introduction permit	10,050
13	Fee for application under section 30A of the Act for an early introduction permit	2,820
14	Fee for application under section 37 of the Act for the variation of an assessment report	4,920
15	Fee for application under section 40 of the Act for the variation of a public report	4,920
16	Fee for application under section 40A of the Act for extension of an original assessment certificate	6,070
17	Fee for nomination of a foreign scheme under subsection 43(3) of the Act	8,590
18	Fee for secondary notification required under section 65 of the Act:	
	(a) for a notification relating to a new industrial chemical, other than a polymer of low concern	11,410
	(b) for a notification relating to a new industrial chemical that is a polymer of low concern	5,130
19	Fee for application for registration under section 80F of the Act	200
20	Fee for application for renewal of registration under subsection 80KA(1) or 80KB(2) of the Act	200

Schedule 2 Fees and late renewal penalties

Clause 1

Item	Fees and late renewal penalties	Amount (\$)
24	Late renewal penalty under subsection 110A(1) of the Act:	
	(a) for a late renewal application that is accompanied by the amount referred to in subparagraph 80KB(2)(c)(i) of the Act	105
	(b) for a late renewal application that is accompanied by the amount referred to in subparagraph 80KB(2)(c)(ii) of the Act	200
	(c) for a late renewal application that is accompanied by the amount referred to in subparagraph 80KB(2)(c)(iii) of the Act	1 980
	(d) in any other case	105
25	Fee for application under subregulation 11C(2) for approval to export an industrial chemical mentioned in subregulation 11C(1):	
	(a) to a category A country	940
	(b) to a category B country	2,040
26	Fee for application under subregulation 11C(4) for approval to introduce the industrial chemical mentioned in paragraph 11C(1)(e)	2,040

Note: For the definitions of *category A country* and *category B country*: see regulation 2.

Schedule 3—Reactive functional groups

Note: See the definitions of *low concern reactive functional group*, *moderate concern reactive functional group* and *high concern reactive functional group* in regulation 2.

1 Low concern reactive functional groups

A reactive functional group mentioned in the following table is a *low concern reactive functional group*.

Low concern reactive functional groups	
Item	Reactive functional group
1	Aliphatic hydroxyls
2	Blocked isocyanates (including ketoxime-blocked isocyanates)
3	Butenedioic acid groups
4	Carboxylic acids
5	Conjugated olefinic groups contained in naturally occurring fats, oils and carboxylic acids
6	Halogens (except reactive halogen-containing groups such as benzylic or allylic halides)
7	Thiols
8	Unconjugated nitriles
9	Unconjugated olefinic groups considered “ordinary” (that is, unconjugated olefinic groups not specifically activated by being part of a larger functional group or by other activating influences)

2 Moderate concern reactive functional groups

A reactive functional group mentioned in the following table is a *moderate concern reactive functional group*.

Moderate concern reactive functional groups	
Item	Reactive functional group
1	Acid anhydrides
2	Acid halides
3	Aldehydes
4	Alkoxysilanes (with alkoxy greater than C ₂ -alkoxysilane)
5	Allyl ethers
6	Conjugated olefinic groups not contained in naturally occurring fats, oils and carboxylic acids
7	Cyanates
8	Epoxides
9	Hemiacetals

Schedule 3 Reactive functional groups

Clause 3

Moderate concern reactive functional groups

Item	Reactive functional group
10	Imines (ketimines and aldimines)
11	Methylol-amides
12	Methylol-amines
13	Methylol-ureas
14	Unsubstituted positions ortho and para to phenolic hydroxyl

3 High concern reactive functional groups

A reactive functional group mentioned in the following table is a *high concern reactive functional group*.

High concern reactive functional groups

Item	Reactive functional group
1	Alkoxysilanes (with alkoxy of C ₁ - or C ₂ - alkoxysilane)
2	Alpha lactones
3	Aziridines
4	Beta lactones
5	Carbodi-imides
6	Halosilanes
7	Hydrazines
8	Hydrosilanes
9	Isocyanates
10	Isothiocyanates
11	Partially-hydrolysed acrylamides
12	Pendant acrylates
13	Pendant methacrylates
14	Vinyl sulfones or analogous compounds
15	Any other reactive functional group that is not a low concern reactive functional group or a moderate concern reactive functional group

Schedule 4—Prescribed reactants

(regulation 4AB)

Part 1—Di and Tri Basic Acids

Item	Substance	CAS no.
101	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid	88-99-3
102	1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid	121-91-5
103	1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester	1459-93-4
104	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid	100-21-0
105	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester	636-09-9
106	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester	120-61-6
107	1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid	528-44-9
108	Butanedioic acid	110-15-6
109	Butanedioic acid, diethyl ester	123-25-1
110	Butanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	106-65-0
111	2-Butenedioic acid (E)-	110-17-8
111A	1,4-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid	1076-97-7
112	Decanedioic acid	111-20-6
113	Decanedioic acid, diethyl ester	110-40-7
114	Decanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	106-79-6
115	Dodecanedioic acid	693-23-2
116	Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, dimers	61788-89-4
116A	2,5-Furandione, dihydro-	108-30-5
117	Heptanedioic acid	111-16-0
118	Heptanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	1732-08-7
119	Hexanedioic acid	124-04-9
120	Hexanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	627-93-0
121	Hexanedioic acid, diethyl ester	141-28-6
121A	5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-	552-30-7
121B	1,3-Isobenzofurandione	85-44-9
122	Nonanedioic acid	123-99-9
123	Nonanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	1732-10-1
124	Nonanedioic acid, diethyl ester	624-17-9
125	Octanedioic acid	505-48-6
126	Octanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	1732-09-8
127	Pentanedioic acid	110-94-1
128	Pentanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	1119-40-0
129	Pentanedioic acid, diethyl ester	818-38-2
130	Undecanedioic acid	1852-04-6

Schedule 4 Prescribed reactants
Part 1 Di and Tri Basic Acids

Item	Substance	CAS no.
131	Unsaturated fatty acids, C ₁₈ , dimers, hydrogenated	68783-41-5

Part 2—Modifiers

Item	Substance	CAS no.
201	Acetic acid, 2,2'-oxybis-	110-99-6
202	1-Butanol (other than 1-butanol that is used to manufacture a polyester with maleic or fumaric acid)	71-36-3
203	Cyclohexanol	108-93-0
204	Cyclohexanol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis	80-04-6
204A	Ethanol	64-17-5
205	Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	112-34-5
206	1-Hexanol	111-27-3
206A	Methanol	67-56-1
207	Methanol, hydrolysis products with trichlorohexylsilane and trichlorophenylsilane	72318-84-4
208	1-Phenanthrenemethanol, tetradecahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-	13393-93-6
209	Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	25036-25-3
209A	1-Propanol, 2-methyl-	78-83-1
210	Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, diphenyl, polymers with phenyl silsesquioxanes, methoxy-terminated	68440-65-3
211	Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, methoxy phenyl, polymers with phenyl silsesquioxanes, methoxy-terminated	68957-04-0
212	Siloxanes and Silicones, methyl phenyl, methoxy phenyl, polymers with phenyl silsesquioxanes, methoxy- and phenyl-terminated	68957-06-2
213	Silsesquioxanes, phenyl propyl	68037-90-1

Part 3—Monobasic Acids and Natural Oils

Item	Substance	CAS no. (if any)
301	Benzoic acid	65-85-0
302	Canola oil	120962-03-0
302A	Castor oil	8001-79-4
302B	Castor oil, dehydrated	64147-40-6
302C	Castor oil, dehydrated, polymerised	68038-02-8
303	Coconut oil	8001-31-8
303A	Coconut oil, hydrogenated	84836-98-6
304	Corn oil	8001-30-7
304A	Corn-oil fatty acids	68308-50-9
305	Cottonseed oil	8001-29-4
306	Dodecanoic acid	143-07-7
307	Fats and glyceridic oils, anchovy	128952-11-4
308	Fats and glyceridic oils, babassu	91078-92-1
309	Fats and glyceridic oils, herring	68153-06-0
310	Fats and glyceridic oils, menhaden	8002-50-4
311	Fats and glyceridic oils, sardine	93334-41-9
312	Fats and glyceridic oils, oiticica	8016-35-1
312A	Fatty acids, C ₈₋₁₀	68937-75-7
312B	Fatty acids, C ₁₄₋₁₈ and C ₁₆₋₁₈ -unsaturated	67701-06-8
313	Fatty acids, C ₁₆₋₁₈ and C ₁₈ -unsaturated	67701-08-0
314	Fatty acids, castor-oil	61789-44-4
315	Fatty acids, coco	61788-47-4
316	Fatty acids, dehydrated castor-oil	61789-45-5
317	Fatty acids, linseed oil	68424-45-3
317A	Fatty acids, olive-oil	92044-96-7
318	Fatty acids, safflower oil	93165-34-5
319	Fatty acids, soya	68308-53-2
320	Fatty acids, sunflower oil	84625-38-7
321	Fatty acids, sunflower-oil, conjugated	68953-27-5
322	Fatty acids, tall-oil	61790-12-3
323	Fatty acids, tall-oil, conjugated	
324	Fatty acids, vegetable oil	61788-66-7
324A	Fish oil	8016-13-5
325	Glycerides, C ₁₆₋₁₈ and C ₁₈ -unsaturated	67701-30-8
326	Heptanoic acid	111-14-8
326A	Hexadecanoic acid	57-10-3

Item	Substance	CAS no. (if any)
326B	9-Hexadecenoic acid, (9Z)-	373-49-9
327	Hexanoic acid	142-62-1
328A	Hexanoic acid, 3,3,5-trimethyl	23373-12-8
328	Hexanoic acid, 3,5,5-trimethyl	3302-10-1
329	Linseed oil	8001-26-1
330	Linseed oil, oxidised	68649-95-6
330A	Linseed oil, polymerised	67746-08-1
331	Nonanoic acid	112-05-0
331A	Octadecanoic acid	57-11-4
331B	9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-	112-80-1
331C	9,12-Octadecadienoic acid (9Z,12Z)-	60-33-3
332	Oils, Cannabis	
333	Oils, palm kernel	8023-79-8
334	Oils, perilla	68132-21-8
335	Oils, walnut	8024-09-7
335A	Olive oil	8001-25-0
336	Safflower oil	8001-23-8
337	Soybean oil	8001-22-7
338	Sunflower oil	8001-21-6
339	Tung oil	8001-20-5

Part 4—Polyols

Item	Substance	CAS no.
401	1,3-Butanediol	107-88-0
402	1,4-Butanediol	110-63-4
403	1,4-Cyclohexanedimethanol	105-08-8
404	1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1
405	Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	111-46-6
406	1,6-Hexanediol	629-11-8
407	1,3-Pentanediol, 2,2,4-trimethyl-	144-19-4
408	1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6
408A	1,3-Propanediol	504-63-2
409	1,3-Propanediol, 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-	115-77-5
410	1,3-Propanediol, 2,2-dimethyl-	126-30-7
411	1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-	77-99-6
412	1,3-Propanediol, 2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methyl	77-85-0
413	1,3-Propanediol, 2-methyl	2163-42-0
414	1,2,3-Propanetriol	56-81-5
415	1,2,3-Propanetriol, homopolymer	25618-55-7
416	2-Propen-1-ol, polymer with ethenylbenzene	25119-62-4

Part 5—Derivatives

1 Derivatives

The following table sets out substances that are derivatives of substances set out in Parts 1 and 3 of this Schedule.

Derivatives	
Item	Substances
1	A diethyl or triethyl ester of a substance listed in Part 1 of this Schedule
2	A dimethyl or trimethyl ester of a substance listed in Part 1 of this Schedule
3	An anhydride of a substance listed in Part 1 or Part 3 of this Schedule
4	An ethyl ester of a substance listed in Part 1 or Part 3 of this Schedule
5	A methyl ester of a substance listed in Part 1 or Part 3 of this Schedule

Schedule 5—Transitional provisions

Note: See regulation 18.

1 Transitional provisions relating to the *Regulatory Powers Legislation Amendment (Standardisation Reform) Regulations 2018*

Regulation 11A and Schedule 1A of these Regulations, as in force immediately before the commencement of this clause, continue to apply on and after that commencement in relation to a warrant issued under section 87 of the Act on or after the commencement of Schedule 10 to the *Regulatory Powers (Standardisation Reform) Act 2017* as a result of an application made before the commencement of that Schedule of that Act.

2 Application of amendments made by Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Amendment (Reforms) Regulations 2019*

General

- (1) The amendments made by the amending regulations apply in relation to the introduction of new industrial chemicals on or after the commencement time.

Applications for permits and certificates

- (2) Despite the amendments made by the amending regulations, these Regulations, as in force immediately before the commencement time, continue to apply in relation to an application for a permit or an assessment certificate made, but not finally determined, before the commencement time.

Definitions

- (3) In this regulation:

amending regulations means Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Amendment (Reforms) Regulations 2019*.

commencement time means the time that the amending regulations commence.

Endnotes

Endnote 1—About the endnotes

The endnotes provide information about this compilation and the compiled law.

The following endnotes are included in every compilation:

Endnote 1—About the endnotes

Endnote 2—Abbreviation key

Endnote 3—Legislation history

Endnote 4—Amendment history

Abbreviation key—Endnote 2

The abbreviation key sets out abbreviations that may be used in the endnotes.

Legislation history and amendment history—Endnotes 3 and 4

Amending laws are annotated in the legislation history and amendment history.

The legislation history in endnote 3 provides information about each law that has amended (or will amend) the compiled law. The information includes commencement details for amending laws and details of any application, saving or transitional provisions that are not included in this compilation.

The amendment history in endnote 4 provides information about amendments at the provision (generally section or equivalent) level. It also includes information about any provision of the compiled law that has been repealed in accordance with a provision of the law.

Editorial changes

The *Legislation Act 2003* authorises First Parliamentary Counsel to make editorial and presentational changes to a compiled law in preparing a compilation of the law for registration. The changes must not change the effect of the law. Editorial changes take effect from the compilation registration date.

If the compilation includes editorial changes, the endnotes include a brief outline of the changes in general terms. Full details of any changes can be obtained from the Office of Parliamentary Counsel.

Misdescribed amendments

A misdescribed amendment is an amendment that does not accurately describe the amendment to be made. If, despite the misdescription, the amendment can be given effect as intended, the amendment is incorporated into the compiled law and the abbreviation “(md)” added to the details of the amendment included in the amendment history.

If a misdescribed amendment cannot be given effect as intended, the abbreviation “(md not incorp)” is added to the details of the amendment included in the amendment history.

Endnotes

Endnote 2—Abbreviation key

Endnote 2—Abbreviation key

ad = added or inserted	o = order(s)
am = amended	Ord = Ordinance
amdt = amendment	orig = original
c = clause(s)	par = paragraph(s)/subparagraph(s) /sub-subparagraph(s)
C[x] = Compilation No. x	pres = present
Ch = Chapter(s)	prev = previous
def = definition(s)	(prev...) = previously
Dict = Dictionary	Pt = Part(s)
disallowed = disallowed by Parliament	r = regulation(s)/rule(s)
Div = Division(s)	reloc = relocated
ed = editorial change	renum = renumbered
exp = expires/expired or ceases/ceased to have effect	rep = repealed
F = Federal Register of Legislation	rs = repealed and substituted
gaz = gazette	s = section(s)/subsection(s)
LA = <i>Legislation Act 2003</i>	Sch = Schedule(s)
LIA = <i>Legislative Instruments Act 2003</i>	Sdiv = Subdivision(s)
(md) = misdescribed amendment can be given effect	SLI = Select Legislative Instrument
(md not incorp) = misdescribed amendment cannot be given effect	SR = Statutory Rules
mod = modified/modification	Sub-Ch = Sub-Chapter(s)
No. = Number(s)	SubPt = Subpart(s)
	<u>underlining</u> = whole or part not commenced or to be commenced

Endnote 3—Legislation history

Endnote 3—Legislation history

Number and year	FRLI registration or gazettal	Commencement	Application, saving and transitional provisions
1990 No. 231	12 July 1990	17 July 1990 (r 2)	
1990 No. 440	21 Dec 1990	21 Dec 1990 (r 2)	—
1991 No. 165	28 June 1991	28 June 1991 (r 2)	—
1992 No. 29	7 Feb 1992	7 Feb 1992 (r 2)	—
1992 No. 245	29 July 1992	4 Aug 1992 (r 2)	—
1992 No. 282	8 Sept 1992	8 Sept 1992 (r 2)	—
1993 No. 35	24 Feb 1993	1 Mar 1993 (r 2)	—
1994 No. 21	18 Feb 1994	18 Feb 1994 (r 2)	—
1994 No. 320	6 Sept 1994	12 Sept 1994 (r 2)	—
1994 No. 368	1 Nov 1994	1 Nov 1994 (r 2)	—
1994 No. 454	30 Dec 1994	30 Dec 1994 (r 2)	—
1995 No. 81	9 May 1995	9 May 1995 (r 2)	—
1995 No. 358	30 Nov 1995	1 Dec 1995 (r 2)	r 8
1997 No. 181	1 July 1997	1 July 1997 (r 2)	—
1997 No. 193	9 July 1997	9 July 1997 (r 2)	—
1997 No. 203	7 Aug 1997	7 Aug 1997 (r 2)	—
1997 No. 419	24 Dec 1997	30 Dec 1997 (r 2)	—
1999 No. 224	29 Sept 1999	29 Sept 1999 (r 2)	—
2002 No. 9	21 Feb 2002	21 Feb 2002 (r 2)	—
2002 No. 58	28 Mar 2002	Sch 2: 1 Apr 2002 (r 2(b)) Remainder: 28 Mar 2002 (r 2(a))	—
2003 No. 121	19 June 2003	19 June 2003 (r 2)	—
2003 No. 150	26 June 2003	1 July 2003 (r 2)	—
2003 No. 192	31 July 2003	31 July 2003 (r 2)	—
2004 No. 158	25 June 2004	1 July 2004 (r 2)	—
2004 No. 239	6 Aug 2004	9 Aug 2004 (r 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 2004, No. S320)	—
2004 No. 246	12 Aug 2004	18 Aug 2004 (r 2)	—
2004 No. 388	23 Dec 2004	23 Dec 2004 (r 2)	—
2005 No. 130	16 June 2005 (F2005L01456)	1 July 2005 (r 2)	—
2005 No. 257	16 Nov 2005 (F2005L03470)	17 Nov 2005 (r 2)	—
2006 No. 78	19 Apr 2006 (F2006L01169)	r 1–3 and Sch 1: 20 Apr 2006 (r 2(a)) Remainder: 1 July 2006 (r 2(b))	—
2006 No. 155	27 June 2006 (F2006L01791)	1 July 2006 (r 2)	—

Endnotes

Endnote 3—Legislation history

Number and year	FRLI registration or gazettal	Commencement	Application, saving and transitional provisions
2007 No. 146	8 June 2007 (F2007L01341)	1 July 2007 (r 2)	—
2008 No. 115	20 June 2008 (F2008L01320)	1 July 2008 (r 2)	—
2008 No. 236	3 Dec 2008 (F2008L03863)	4 Dec 2008 (r 2)	—
2009 No. 139	25 June 2009 (F2009L01720)	1 July 2009 (r 2)	—
2010 No. 175	29 June 2010 (F2010L01726)	1 July 2010 (r 2)	—
2011 No. 260	9 Dec 2011 (F2011L02623)	10 Dec 2011 (r 2)	—
2012 No. 86	28 May 2012 (F2012L01092)	1 July 2012 (s 2)	—
62, 2013	29 Apr 2013 (F2013L00695)	Sch 1: 30 Apr. 2013 (s 2 item 1) Sch 2: 1 July 2013 (s 2 item 2)	—
50, 2014	16 May 2014 (F2014L00547)	1 July 2014 (s 2)	—
143, 2014	7 Oct 2014 (F2014L01327)	8 Oct 2014 (s 2)	—
101, 2015	29 June 2015 (F2015L00982)	1 July 2015 (s 2)	—
132, 2015	10 Aug 2015 (F2015L01244)	11 Aug 2015 (s 2(1) item 1)	—

Name	Registration	Commencement	Application, saving and transitional provisions
Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Amendment (Fees and Charges) Regulations 2017	19 June 2017 (F2017L00688)	1 July 2017 (s 2(1) item 1)	—
Regulatory Powers Legislation Amendment (Standardisation Reform) Regulations 2018	12 June 2018 (F2018L00754)	Sch 4: 6 Nov 2018 (s 2(1) item 5)	—
Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Amendment (Miscellaneous Measures) Regulations 2018	20 July 2018 (F2018L01046)	21 July 2018 (s 2(1) item 1)	—
Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Amendment (Reforms) Regulations 2019	5 Apr 2019 (F2019L00540)	6 Apr 2019 (s 2(1) item 1)	—
Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Amendment (Fees and Charges) Regulations 2019	29 July 2019 (F2019L01007)	1 Aug 2019 (s 2(1) item 1)	—

Endnote 4—Amendment history

Endnote 4—Amendment history

Provision affected	How affected
r 1	rs No 224, 1999
r 2	am No 440, 1990; No 419, 1997; No 58, 2002; No 236, 2008; No 260, 2011; No 86, 2012; No 62, 2013; No 50, 2014; No 143, 2014; F2019L00540
r 3	am No 260, 2011
r 4	am No 260, 2011
r 4AA.....	ad No 419, 1997 rs No 239, 2004 am No 236, 2008; No 260, 2011 rs No 86, 2012
r 4AB.....	ad No 58, 2002
r 4A	ad No 35, 1993 am No 419, 1997 rs No 58, 2002 am No 239, 2004 rs F2019L00540
r 4B.....	ad No 58, 2002 am No 239, 2004 rs F2019L00540
r 4CA.....	ad No 239, 2004 rep F2019L00540
r 4C.....	ad No 58, 2002 am No 239, 2004
r 4D	ad No 58, 2002 rep No 239, 2004
r 4E.....	ad No 58, 2002 rs No 239, 2004
r 4F	ad No 58, 2002 rep No 239, 2004
r 4G	ad No 58, 2002 rep No 239, 2004
r 4H	ad No 58, 2002 am No 239, 2004
r 4I.....	ad No 58, 2002 am No 239, 2004; F2019L00540
r 4J.....	ad No 239, 2004 am No 260, 2011; No 62, 2013
r 4K	ad No 239, 2004 am No 260, 2011

Endnotes

Endnote 4—Amendment history

Provision affected	How affected
r 5	am No 440, 1990
r 6	am No 440, 1990
	rs No 165, 1991
	am No 150, 2003
r 6AA.....	ad No 203, 1997
r 6AB.....	ad No 419, 1997
	am No 239, 2004; No 236, 2008; No 260, 2011; No 62, 2013; F2019L00540
r 6A	ad No 245, 1992
	am No 121, 2003
r 6BA.....	ad No 236, 2008
r 6B.....	ad No 78, 2006
	am No 236, 2008; No 260, 2011; No 62, 2013
r 6C.....	ad No 236, 2008
r 7	am No 440, 1990
r 7AA.....	ad No 35, 1993
	rep No 239, 2004
r 7A	ad No 440, 1990
	am No 239, 2004
r 7B.....	ad No 419, 1997
	rep No 239, 2004
	ad No 236, 2008
r 7C.....	ad No 419, 1997
	rep No 239, 2004
r 8	rs No 35, 1993
	am No 193, 1997
	rep No 260, 2011
r 8A	ad No 35, 1993
	rs No 193, 1997
	am No 58, 2002
	rs No 236, 2008
	am No 260, 2011; No 50, 2014
r 8B.....	ad No 35, 1993
	am No 239, 2004; No 260, 2011
r 8C.....	ad No 193, 1997
	am No 58, 2002
	rs No 236, 2008
	am No 260, 2011; No 50, 2014
r 8D	ad No 193, 1997
	am No 260, 2011
r 9A	ad No 203, 1997

Endnote 4—Amendment history

Provision affected	How affected
r 9B.....	rep No 260, 2011 ad No 203, 1997 am No 58, 2002 rs No 236, 2008 am No 260, 2011; No 50, 2014
r 10.....	am No 440, 1990 rs No 165, 1991 rep No 260, 2011
r 11.....	am No 440, 1990 rs No 165, 1991 am No 260, 2011; No 62, 2013
r 11AA.....	ad No 193, 1997 am No 86, 2012
r 11AB.....	ad No 193, 1997 am No 192, 2003 rs No 158, 2004 am No 155, 2006; No 146, 2007; No 175, 2010 rep No 86, 2012 ad F2017L00688 am F2018L01046; F2019L01007
r 11AAA.....	ad No 203, 1997 rep No 192, 2003
r 11A.....	ad No 21, 1994 rep F2018L00754
r 11B.....	ad No 193, 1997 am No 58, 2002 rs No 246, 2004 am No 236, 2008; No 143, 2014
r 11C.....	ad No 246, 2004 am No 257, 2005; No 62, 2013; No 50, 2014; No 143, 2014; F2018L01046
r 12.....	am No 440, 1990 rs No 165, 1991
r 12A.....	ad No 368, 1994 rs No 358, 1995 rep No 58, 2002
r 12B.....	ad No 368, 1994 rep No 358, 1995
r 12C.....	ad No 368, 1994 rs No 358, 1995 rep No 58, 2002

Endnotes

Endnote 4—Amendment history

Provision affected	How affected
r 13	am No 35, 1993; No 320, 1994; No 181, 1997; No 203, 1997; No 224, 1999; No 150, 2003; No 158, 2004; No 388, 2004; No 130, 2005; No 78, 2006; No 146, 2007; No 115, 2008; No 139, 2009; No 175, 2010; No 260, 2011 rs No 86, 2012; F2017L00688
r 14	rs No 29, 1992 am No 282, 1992 rs No 368, 1994; No 181, 1997 am No 86, 2012
r 14A	ad No 101, 2015
r 15	am No 29, 1992; No 368, 1994; No 419, 1997; No 224, 1999; No 236, 2008; No 86, 2012
r 16	rs No 282, 1992 rep No 368, 1994 ad No 358, 1995 am No 9, 2002 rep No 16, 2002 ad No 101, 2015
r 16A	ad No 224, 1999
r 16B.....	ad No 101, 2015
r 17	ad No 29, 1992 am No 81, 1995; No 358, 1995; No 419, 1997; No 58, 2002; No 86, 2012; No 101, 2015
r 18	ad No 192, 2003 rep No 86, 2012 ad F2018L00754
Schedule 1AA	
Schedule 1AA	ad No 236, 2008 am No 86, 2012
Schedule 1AB	
Schedule 1AB.....	ad No 236, 2008 am No 86, 2012
Schedule 1	
Schedule 1	am No 35, 1993; No 419, 1997
Form 1A	ad No 35, 1993 am No 419, 1997 rs No 58, 2002 rep No 239, 2004
Form 1	No 231, 1990
Form 2	No 231, 1990
Schedule 1A	ad No 21, 1994 rep F2018L00754

Endnote 4—Amendment history

Provision affected	How affected
Schedule 2	
Schedule 2 heading.....	rs F2017L00688
Schedule 2	am No 245, 1992; No 35, 1993; No 320, 1994; No 368, 1994; No 454, 1994; No 181, 1997; No 193, 1997; No 203, 1997; No 419, 1997; No 224, 1999 rs No 150, 2003 am No 192, 2003; No 158, 2004; No 239, 2004; No 388, 2004; No 130, 2005; No 78, 2006 rs No 78, 2006; No 146, 2007; No 115, 2008; No 139, 2009; No 175, 2010; No 86, 2012; No 62, 2013 am No 50, 2014; No 101, 2015; No 132, 2015; F2017L00688; F2018L01046; F2019L01007
Schedule 3	
Schedule 3	ad No 58, 2002 rs F2019L00540
c 1.....	ad F2019L00540
c 2.....	ad F2019L00540
c 3.....	ad F2019L00540
Schedule 4	
Schedule 4	ad No 58, 2002 am F2019L00540
Part 5	
Part 5	ad F2019L00540
c 1.....	ad F2019L00540
Schedule 5	
Schedule 5	ad F2018L00754
c 1.....	ad F2018L00754
c 2.....	ad F2019L00540