

# GUIDELINES FOR COAL HANDLING AND CRUSHING PLANT (APPLICABLE TO INDUSTRIES AT SERIAL NUMBERS 64,65 AND 66)

- (a) Unloading of coal trucks shall be carried out with proper care avoiding dropping of the materials from height. It is advisable to moist the material by sprinkling water while unloading.
- (b) Pulverisation of coal shall be carried out in an enclosed place and water sprinkling arrangement shall be provided at coal heaps, crushing area and on land around the crushing unit.
- (c) Work area surrounding the plant shall be asphalted or concreted.
- (d) Green belt shall be developed along the boundary of the industry.
- (e) Open burning of coal to manufacture soft coke shall be stopped.

#### 67. EDIBLE OIL & VANASPATI INDUSTRY

## **EFFLUENTS**:

Temperature ambient temperature pH Suspended solids Oil & grease BOD(3 days at 27°C) COD	Not more than 5°C above of the recipient waterbody 6.5—8.5 150 mg/l 20 mg/l 100 mg/l 200 mg/l
Wastewater Discharge	0.0/////////////
(i) Solvent extraction	2.0 cum/tonne of product (oil)
(ii) Refinery/Vanaspati	2.0 cum/tonne of product (refined oil/Vanaspati)
(iii)Integrated unit of	4.0 cum/tonne of refined
extraction & refinery/ Vanaspati	Vanaspati product
(iv)Barometric cooling	15.0 cum/tonne of refined
water/De-odoriser	oil/vanaspati
water	

## Note:

- (i) The above standards shall be applicable to waste water from processes and cooling.
- (ii) BOD shall be made stringent upto 30 mg/l if the recipient fresh water body is source of drinking water supply
- (iii) The standards for boiler emissions shall be applicable as prescribed under Schedule I of these rules.

#### 68. ORGANIC CHEMICALS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

### **EFFLUENTS:**

(a) Compulsory parameters	pН	6.5—8.5
	BOD(3 days at 27°C)	100 mg/l
	Oil & Grease	10mg/l

Bioassay test	Minimum90% survival
	after 96 hours with at

100% effluent

(b) Additional parameters (mg/l)

Nitrate(as N)	10
Arsenic	0.2
Hexavalent Chormium	0.1
Total Chormium	1.0
Lead	0.1
Cyanide as CN	0.2
Zinc	0.5
Mercury	0.01
Copper	2.0
Nickel	2.0
Phenolies as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> OH	5.0
Sulphide	2.0

## Note:

(i) No limit for COD is prescribed but it shall be monitored. If the COD in a treated effluent is persistently greater than 250 mg/l, such industrial units are required to identify chemicals causing the same. In case these are found to be toxic as defined in Hazardous