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## First Priority Substances List (PSL1) Assessments

The first Priority Substances List (PSL1) was published in the Canada Gazette in 1989, and the assessments of risks to human health or the environment posed by the 44 substances on the list were completed within the legislated time frame of five years. (Options to reduce exposure for those substances determined to be "toxic" were and are being considered, in consultation with stakeholders.)

## PSL1 Substances Considered as "Toxic" under Section 11 of the 1988 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA 1988)

(These downloadable files have been created with Adobe Acrobat(TM). To view and print these publications, you will need the Adobe Acrobat(TM) Reader, which is a free viewer available from Adobe Systems.)

- Benzene\* errata (PDF Version 205 K)
- Benzidine (PDF Version 89 K)

- Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (PDF Version 261 K)
- Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether (PDF Version 109 K)
- Chlorinated wastewater effluents (PDF Version 469 K)
- Chloromethyl methyl ether (PDF Version 128 K)
- Creosote-contaminated sites (PDF Version 154 K)
- 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (PDF Version 130 K)
- <u>1,2-Dichloroethane</u> (PDF Version 138 K)
- <u>Dichloromethane</u> (<u>PDF Version 245 K</u>)
- Effluents from pulp mills using bleaching (PDF Version 414 K)
- Hexachlorobenzene (PDF Version 287 K)
- Hexavalent chromium compounds (PDF Version 385 K)
- <u>Inorganic arsenic compounds</u> (<u>PDF Version 752 K</u>)
- Inorganic cadmium compounds (PDF Version 1000 K)
- <u>Inorganic fluorides</u> (<u>PDF Version 366 K</u>)
- Oxidic, sulphidic and soluble inorganic nickel compounds (PDF Version 577 K)
- Polychlorinated dibenzodioxins (PDF Version 264 K)
- Polychlorinated dibenzofurans (PDF Version 264 K)
- Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PDF Version 297 K)
- Refractory ceramic fibres (PDF Version 245 K)
- Short chain chlorinated paraffins (PDF Version 173 K)
- <u>Tetrachloroethylene</u> (<u>PDF Version 299 K</u>)
- <u>Trichloroethylene</u> (<u>PDF Version 278 K</u>)

## Other PSL1 Substances Assessed under Section 11 of CEPA (1988)

- Aniline (PDF Version 170 K)
- Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether (PDF Version 128 K)
- Chlorobenzene (PDF Version 144 K)

- <u>Dibutyl phthalate (PDF Version 144 K)</u>
- <u>1,2-Dichlorobenzene (PDF Version 154 K)</u>
- <u>1,4-Dichlorobenzene (PDF Version 168 K)</u>
- 3,5-Dimethylaniline (PDF Version 473 K)
- <u>Di-n-octyl phthalate (PDF Version 169 K)</u>
- Methyl methacrylate (PDF Version 156 K)
- Methyl tertiary-butyl ether (PDF Version 126 K)
- Organotin compounds (non-pesticidal) (PDF Version 169 K)
- <u>Pentachlorobenzene</u> (<u>PDF Version 173 K)</u>
- Styrene (PDF Version 223 K)
- <u>Tetrachlorobenzenes</u> (<u>PDF Version 211 K</u>)
- 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (PDF Version 110 K)
- Toluene (PDF Version 172 K)
- Trichlorobenzenes (PDF Version 178 K)
- Waste crankcase oils (PDF Version 404 K)
- Xylenes (PDF Version 133 K)

The basis for the conclusion of the assessments for these 44 substances is described in a Priority Substances List Assessment Report for each substance.

Available data were considered insufficient to conclude whether 7 of the 44 substances on PSL1 were "toxic" to human health under Paragraph 11(c) of CEPA 1988. These seven substances are presented below:

- Aniline (PDF Version 170 K)
- Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether (PDF Version 128 K)
- <u>Chlorinated paraffins (PDF Version 173 K)</u>
- 3,5-Dimethylaniline (PDF Version 473 K)
- <u>Di-n-octyl phthalate</u> (<u>PDF Version 169 K)</u>
- Non-pesticidal organotin compounds (PDF Version 169 K)
- 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (PDF Version 110 K)

Following release of the PSL1 assessments on these compounds, they were deleted from the Priority Substances List between November 1992 and February 1994.

The Assessment Reports for each of the seven substances on PSL 1 for which a conclusion could not be reached have now been updated based on a comprehensive search to identify recent critical new data. Each of the Assessment Reports briefly reviews the reasons for determining that the available data were "insufficient to conclude" whether these PSL1 substances were "toxic" under CEPA 1988. The information on commercial activity in Canada is updated, and the critical new data that impact on the initial outcome under CEPA 1988 are presented. The impact of these new data on the assessment of "toxic" under CEPA 1999 is assessed, uncertainties are outlined and considerations for follow-up are specified.

Final Assessment Reports for the following substances for which data were insufficient to conclude whether these substances were "toxic" to human health can be downloaded as PDF or HTML files (when finalized versions become available). Hard copies are available from <a href="mailto:eccc.substances.eccc@canada.ca">eccc.@canada.ca</a>.

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