

## GHS Classification

**ID139**

**CAS 95-50-1**

### Physical Hazards

**o-Dichlorobenzene**

Date Classified: Mar. 23, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Feb. 10, 2006)

Reference Manual: GHS Classification Manual (Feb. 10, 2006)

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Explosives	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no chemical groups with explosive properties
2 Flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "liquid" according to GHS definition
3 Flammable aerosols	Not applicable	-	-	-	Not aerosol products
4 Oxidizing gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "liquid" according to GHS definition
5 Gases under pressure	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "liquid" according to GHS definition
6 Flammable liquids	Category 4	-	Warning	Combustible liquid	The flash point is 66degC (c.c.) (ICSC, 2003) which is classified into Category 4. Classified into Division 6.1 (UN#1591) (UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods)
7 Flammable solids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "liquid" according to GHS definition
8 Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no chemical groups with explosive or self-reactive properties
9 Pyrophoric liquids	Not classified	-	-	-	Not pyrophoric when in contact with air at ordinary temperatures: the auto-ignition temperature is 648degC (ICSC, 2003)
10 Pyrophoric solids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "liquid" according to GHS definition
11 Self-heating substances and mixtures	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Test methods applicable to liquid substances are not available
12 Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no metals or metalloids (B, Si, P, Ge, As, Se, Sn, Sb, Te, Bi, Po, At)
13 Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Organic compounds containing chlorine (but not oxygen and fluorine), with the chlorine bound to carbon and hydrogen (but not to other elements)
14 Oxidizing solids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "liquid" according to GHS definition
15 Organic peroxides	Not applicable	-	-	-	Organic compounds containing no "-O-O-" structure
16 Corrosive to metals	Not classified	-	-	-	Classified into Division 6.1 (UN#1591) (UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods)

### Health Hazards

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Acute toxicity (oral)	Category 4	Exclamation mark	Warning	Harmful if swallowed	Based on the testing data of rat LD50 (oral route) of 1,516mg/kg (NICNAS (2001)).
1 Acute toxicity (dermal)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable	-	-	-	Due to the fact that the substance is "liquid" according to the GHS definition and inhalation of its gas is not expected.
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapour)	Category 3	Skull and crossbones	Danger	Toxic if inhaled	Based on the rat LC50 value of 7.8mg/L (1.277ppm), calculated from the testing data of rat LC50 (inhalation of vapour) of 9.2mg/L (6 hours), 5.9mg/L (7 hours) (EHC 128 (1991)), was lower than 90% of the saturated vapour concentration (1,800ppm) under a saturated vapour pressure of 0.18kPa (25degC) (HSDB (2005)), the substance was considered as "vapour containing substantially no mist" and was classified based on standard values expressed in ppm.
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
2 Skin corrosion / irritation	Category 2	Exclamation mark	Warning	Causes skin irritation	Based on the evidence of "moderate irritation" from rabbit skin irritation tests (CERI-NITE Hazard Assessment (2005)) and human reports (SIDS (2001)).
3 Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category 2B	-	Warning	Causes eye irritation	Based on the evidence of "mild irritation" from rabbit eye irritation tests (CERI-NITE Hazard Assessment No.2 (2004)) and human reports (SIDS (2001)).
4 Respiratory/skin sensitization	Respiratory sensitization: Classification not possible Skin sensitization: Classification not possible	(Respiratory sensitization) - (Skin sensitization) -	(Respiratory sensitization) - (Skin sensitization) -	(Respiratory sensitization) - (Skin sensitization) -	Respiratory sensitization: No data available Skin sensitization: Insufficient data available
5 Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2	Health hazard	Warning	Suspected of causing genetic defects	Based on the absence of positive data on germ cell mutagenicity tests in vivo, positive data on somatic cell mutagenicity tests in vivo, and the absence of positive data on germ cell genotoxicity tests in vivo, described in CERI-NITE Hazard Assessment No.2 (2004).
6 Carcinogenicity	Not classified	-	-	-	Due to the fact that the substance is classified as Group 3 by IARC (1987), Category A4 by ACGIH (2001) and Group D by EPA (2002).
7 Toxic to reproduction	Not classified	-	-	-	Based on the description in CERI-NITE Hazard Assessment No.2 (2004): No effects are observed in offspring.

8	Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure	Category 1 (liver, kidneys) Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation, narcotic effects)	Health hazard and Exclamation mark	Danger Warning	Causes damage to organs (liver, kidneys) (Respiratory tract irritation) May cause respiratory irritation (Narcotic effects) May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Based on the human evidence including "Exposure to undiluted solution causes upper respiratory irritation, while high-concentration exposure causes central nervous depression and toxic hepatitis/ nephritis" (CERINITE Hazard Assessment No.2 (2004)), and the evidence from animal studies including "narcotic influence" (ACGIH (7th, 2001)).
9	Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 1 (nervous system, liver, blood system, respiratory organs) Category 2 (kidneys)	Health hazard	Danger Warning	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (nervous system, liver, blood system, respiratory organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (kidneys)	Based on the human evidence including "polyneuropath, hepatopathy, nasal/respiratory irritation" (CERINITE Hazard Assessment No.2 (2004)), "bone marrow hyperplasia, acute hemolytic anemia, leukocytosis" (CERINITE Hazard Data 98-19 (1999)), and the evidence from animal studies including "renal tubular degeneration, pneumonia (with its physicochemical properties unknown)" (CERINITE Hazard Assessment No.2 (2004)). The effects on the liver and on the respiratory organs were observed at dosing levels within the guidance value ranges for Category 2 and Category 1, respectively.
10	Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Insufficient data available

### Environmental Hazards

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life	It was classified into Category 1 from 48 hours EC50=0.66mg/L of the crustacea (Ceriodaphnia) (SIDS (2005) and others).
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Although acute toxicity is Category 1 and bio-accumulation is low (BCF=260(Existing Chemical Safety Inspections Data, )), since there was no rapidly degrading (the decomposition by BOD: 0%(Existing Chemical Safety Inspections Data)), it was classified into Category 1.