GHS Classification

ID1132 CAS 13520-83-7 Physical Hazards

Uranyl nitrate, hexahydrate Date Classified: Oct. 23, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Mar. 31, 2006)

Reference Manual: GHS Classification Manual (Feb. 10, 2006)

Haza	rd class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1	Explosives	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Classification not possible due to lack of data and without UNRTDG Number, though the substance contains N-O bonds as chemical groups associated with explosive properties present and "A violent impact to the substance might cause an explosion with a spread of the shock wave." (Merck, 13th, 2001)
2	-lammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
3	lammable aerosols	Not applicable	-	I	-	Not aerosol products
4	Oxidizing gases	Not applicable	-	I	-	Solid (GHS definition)
5	Gases under pressure	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
6	Flammable liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
7	Flammable solids	Not classified	-	I	-	HSDB (2005) has the statement as "almost nonflammable" and it was classified as out of Category. (However, it is considered to be an oxidant and the contact with combustibles should be avoided.)
8	Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not classified	-	I	-	Although the grouping relevant to explosive (N-O) was included, the grouping relevant to autoreactive was not included. And the information which indicates autoreactive was not found either, it was classified as the outside of Category.
9	Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
10	Pyrophoric solids	Not classified	-	-	-	HSDB (2005) has a statement that it is "nonflammable" and it was defined as "out of Category". (However, it is considered to be an oxidized substance and contacting combustible materials should be avoided.)
11	Self-heating substances and nixtures	Not classified	-	-	-	Not classified because of non-combustible (HSDB, 2005)
12	Substances and mixtures, which n contact with water, emit lammable gases	Not classified	-	-	-	Stable to water (the water solubility is obtained)
13	Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
14	Oxidizing solids	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Since Sax (11th, 2004) describes that the anhydride of this product is a "powerful oxidizer and avoid contact with cellulose," the product is also considered as an oxidizing solid. But we cannot classify it because it does not have UNRTDG No. and is short of information which gives an indication of classification.
15	Organic peroxides	Not applicable	-	-	-	Inorganic compound
16	Corrosive to metals	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Test methods applicable to solid substances are not available. Its acidic solution is corrosive to metals (HSDB, 2005)

Health Hazards

Hazard class		Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1	Acute toxicity (oral)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapour)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
2	Skin corrosion / irritation	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
3	Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
4	Respiratory/skin sensitization	sensitization: Classification not possible; Skin sensitization: Classification not	(Respiratory sensitization)-; (Skin sensitization)-	(Respiratory sensitization)–; (Skin sensitization)–	(Respiratory sensitization)−; (Skin sensitization)−	No data available

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	5 Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2	Health hazard	Warning	Suspected of causing genetic defects (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard)	Since the chromosomal abnormalities was acknowledged in the uranium compounds in peripheral lymphocyte of workers by which occupational exposure was carried out (PATTY (5th, 2001)), it was set as Category 2 according to classification guidelines.
	6 Carcinogenicity	Category 1A	Health hazard	Danger	May cause cancer (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard)	As uranium and its soluble and insoluble compounds, it was categorized into A1(IARC78 (2001)) in ACGIH, and as radionuclide which depoited in the body, it was categorized into 1 in A1 (ACGIH (7th, 2001)). So it was classified into Category 1A.
	7 Toxic to reproduction	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
	8 Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure	Category 1 (kidneys)	Health hazard	Danger	Cause damage to organs (kidneys)	The substance was classified as Category 1 (kidneys) because there is a report in Priority 1 of the effects on the kidneys, such as necrosis of the proximal convoluted tubules and collecting tubules, after exposure to the uranium compound in humans (ACGIH (7th, 2001)).
	9 Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 1 (kidneys)	Health hazard	Danger	organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated	Since there is description that the major target organ of the chronic toxicity in a uranium compound was the kidney (mainly proximal tubule) (in Priority 1,ACGIH (7th, 2001)), it was classified into Category 1 (kidney).
1	0 Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	-	-	_	No data available

Environmental Hazards

Hazard class		Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
	11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
Γ	11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Classification not possible	-	-	_	No data available.