

## GHS Classification

**ID660**

**indene**

**CAS 95-13-6**

Date Classified: Aug. 18, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Mar. 31, 2006)

**Physical Hazards**

Reference Manual: GHS Classification Manual (Feb. 10, 2006)

| Hazard class  | Classification              | symbol | signal word | hazard statement   | Rational for the classification  |
|---|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|--------------------|--|
| 1 Explosives  | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | There are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties present in the molecules.                                  |
| 2 Flammable gases   | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Liquid (GHS definition)  |
| 3 Flammable aerosols  | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Not aerosol products   |
| 4 Oxidizing gases   | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Liquid (GHS definition)  |
| 5 Gases under pressure  | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Liquid (GHS definition)  |
| 6 Flammable liquids   | Category 4                  | -      | Warning     | Combustible liquid | Category 4 because of its flash point: 78.3degC and liquid   |
| 7 Flammable solids  | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Liquid (GHS definition)  |
| 8 Self-reactive substances and mixtures                                       | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | There are no chemical groups associated with explosive or self-reactive properties present in the molecule.                  |
| 9 Pyrophoric liquids  | Not classified              | -      | -           | -                  | With no information on spontaneous combustibility. By UN transportation Recommendations, it is non-dangerous substances.     |
| 10 Pyrophoric solids  | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Liquid (GHS definition)  |
| 11 Self-heating substances and mixtures                                       | Classification not possible | -      | -           | -                  | Test methods applicable to liquid substances are not available   |
| 12 Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | The chemical structure of the substance does not contain metals or metalloids(B, Si, P, Ge, As, Se, Sn, Sb, Te, Bi, Po, At). |
| 13 Oxidizing liquids  | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Organic compounds containing no oxygen, fluorine and chlorine.   |
| 14 Oxidizing solids   | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Liquid (GHS definition)  |
| 15 Organic peroxides  | Not applicable              | -      | -           | -                  | Containing no oxygen   |
| 16 Corrosive to metals  | Classification not possible | -      | -           | -                  | No data available  |

## Health Hazards

| Hazard class                              | Classification   | symbol   | signal word   | hazard statement   | Rational for the classification  |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| 1 Acute toxicity (oral)                   | Classification not possible  | -  | -   | -  | Classification not possible due to lack of clear data on LD50  |
| 1 Acute toxicity (dermal)                 | Classification not possible  | -  | -   | -  | No data available  |
| 1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)        | Not applicable   | -  | -   | -  | Liquid (GHS definition)  |
| 1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapour)     | Classification not possible  | -  | -   | -  | Vapor pressures 1.1mmHg at 25degC is equivalent to 6875mg/m3. Since LC50: 14gm/m3 (RTECS (2004)) of the Soviet literature is over this value, it may be mist. Supposing that the temperature was raised and experiment was conducted with steam, there is potential of Category 4. |
| 1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist) | Classification not possible  | -  | -   | -  | LC50: 14g/m3 (the Soviet literature (RTECS (2004)) is unknown in steam or mist. Since it is 2.8 times of the maximum (9mg/m3) of category 4 if it is mist, it was set as the outside of Category. There is no information which can be used.                                       |
| 2 Skin corrosion / irritation             | Category 3   | -  | Warning   | Causes mild skin irritation  | There is a report of human dermatitis. Since it was not considered to be serious, it was classified as "Category 3."   |
| 3 Serious eye damage / eye irritation     | Category 2A-2B   | Exclamation mark   | Warning   | Causes serious eye irritation  | There is eye stimulate data to human (HSDB (2005)). However, since recovery period is not indicated, the result between 2A and 2B cannot be performed.   |
| 4 Respiratory/skin sensitization          | Respiratory sensitization: Classification not possible; Skin sensitization: Category 1 | (Respiratory sensitization)-; (Skin sensitization)Exclamation mark | (Respiratory sensitization)-; (Skin sensitization)Warning | (Respiratory sensitization)-; (Skin sensitization)May cause allergic skin reaction | The information on respiratory sensitization has not been obtained. Since case reports on the human skin sensitization (HSDB (2005)) are found , it was referred to as Category 1.   |
| 5 Germ cell mutagenicity                  | Classification not possible  | -  | -   | -  | Classification not possible due to lack of data  |
| 6 Carcinogenicity                         | Classification not possible  | -  | -   | -  | The information on the carcinogenic was not acquired. There is also no existing classifications.   |
| 7 Toxic to reproduction                   | Classification not possible  | -  | -   | -  | Classification not possible due to lack of data on toxic to rproduction  |

|    |  |  |               |         |  |   |
|----|--|--|---------------|---------|--|---|
| 8  | Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure   | Inhalation: Category 2 (liver, kidneys, spleen); Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation) | Health hazard | Warning | irritation. may cause damage to organs (liver, kidneys, spleen); May cause respiratory irritation or may cause drowsiness and dizziness (respiratory tract | Although there is the effect to the liver, kidney, spleen in human inhalation exposure and animals inhalation test, it was the literature of Priority 2, it is classified into "Category 2." Since the respiratory irritation was also suggested, it is classified into "Category 3." |
| 9  | Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure | Inhalation: Category 1 (liver, kidneys)  | Health hazard | Danger  | irritation. causes damage to organs (liver, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated   | Since the effects on the renal and liver is seen as a result of continuous exposure with the concentration below the guidance value of Category 1 in the animal experiment (ACGIH (2001)), it was classified to as "Category 1".  |
| 10 | Aspiration hazard  | Classification not possible  | -             | -       | -  | Although there was a report of the chemical pneumonia by aspiration in laboratory animals, we could not find the viscosity data and it could not be classified along the technical guideline.   |

### Environmental Hazards

| Hazard class                                      | Classification              | symbol | signal word | hazard statement | Rational for the classification |
|---|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| 11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)   | Classification not possible | -      | -           | -                | No data available               |
| 11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) | Classification not possible | -      | -           | -                | No data available.              |