GHS Classification

ID1413

CAS

Triphenyltin fatty acid ester (alkyl C=9-11)

Date Classified: Oct. 23, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Mar. 31, 2006)

Physical Hazards Reference Manual: GHS Classification Manual (Feb. 10, 2006)

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Explosives	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no chemical groups with explosive properties
2 Flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
3 Flammable aerosols	Not applicable	-	-	-	Not aerosol products
4 Oxidizing gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
5 Gases under pressure	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
6 Flammable liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
7 Flammable solids	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
8 Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no chemical groups with explosive or self-reactive properties
9 Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
10 Pyrophoric solids	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
11 Self-heating substances and mixtures	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
12 Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Classification not possible	-	_	_	Classification not possible due to lack of data, though containing Sn (a metalloid)
13 Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
14 Oxidizing solids	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Usissification not possible due to lack of data, though being organic compounds containing oxygen bound to elements other than carbon and
15 Organic peroxides	Not applicable	-	-	-	Organic compounds containing no "-0-0-" structure
16 Corrosive to metals	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available

Health Hazards

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Acute toxicity (oral)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1 Acute toxicity (dermal)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable	-	-	-	Due to the fact that the substance is a solid according to the GHS definition and inhalation of its gas is not expected.
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation:	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
 Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist) 	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
2 Skin corrosion / irritation	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
3 Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
4 Respiratory/skin sensitization	Respiratory sensitization: Classification not possible Skin sensitization: Classification not possible	(Respiratory sensitization)— (Skin sensitization)—	(Respiratory sensitization)— (Skin sensitization)—	(Respiratory sensitization)— (Skin sensitization)—	Respiratory sensitization: No data available Skin sensitization: No data available
5 Germ cell mutagenicity	Classification not possible	_	-	_	Insufficient data available. The multi-generation mutagenicity studies (dominant lethal tests) on triphenyltin compounds yielded negative results, reported in ACGIH (7th, 2001). However, classification is not possible because the material tested is not identified and there are no other data available to support the above results.
6 Carcinogenicity	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
7 Toxic to reproduction	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
8 Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
9 Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure	Classification not possible	_	_	_	No data available
10 Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available

Environmental Hazards

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) C	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life	It was classified into Category 1 from 48 hours LC50=0.029mg/L of the crustacea (Daphnia magna) (ECETOC TR91, 2003).

11	Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Since acute toxicity was Category 1 and there was no rapidly degrading (it was hydrolyzed, and triphenyltin hydroxide was generated, and was residue(existing chemical safety inspections data)), and since there was bio-accumulation (BCF(triphenyltin hydroxide)=7100 (existing chemical safety inspections data)). It was classified into Category 1.
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